

CHOICE CUTS

of meat are what you want—and what you'll get at this market. It is no trouble for us, because we always have the stock. We have a fine cooler and the meats you get from us are tender and juicy. Leave your order and we'll have it delivered at your home.

Milk's Market F. H. Milks
Phone No. 2

Leap Year Sale

Feb. 29th Only

In Leap Year we have an extra day that we do not have only once in 4 years and we want this extra day to bring us more business than any other day in 1916

We name extremely low prices for February 29th, to make it pay you to come in and see us. We are going to specialize on the following:

Flour—five kinds	Breakfast Foods
Canned Vegetables	Canned Fruits
Canned Fish	Salt Fish
Smoked Meats	Coffee, Teas, Etc.

Come early as there really is going to be a rush.

H. PETERSEN

OUR MOTTO
QUALITY, SERVICE AND PRICE

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime.
Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling

Langevin's Old Stand



With fifty branches—twenty-five assembling plants and nearly 8,000 agencies in all parts of the United States, Ford owners reap the benefits of the service rendered by this wonderful organization. Average cost for operation and maintenance is two cents a mile with real service whenever needed.

Touring Car \$440; Runabout \$390; Coupelet \$590; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740, f. o. b., Detroit. For sale by

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.

Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties

NOMINATE VIL-
LAGE CANDIDATESWILL BE LITTLE CHANGE IN
LOCAL COUNCIL.

Causes of High Taxes Was Liberally Discussed.

About fifty out of about 300 of our voters attended the village caucus at the Town hall Thursday evening of last week and nominated candidates for election at the annual spring election. It was a harmonious meeting throughout and brought out some inspiring talks on the reason for high taxes.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Charles McCullough who was made permanent chairman. Emil Geigling was elected secretary and T. P. Peterson and A. B. Failing, tellers. Before proceeding with the balloting for village president, Nemestus Nielsen spoke of the high taxes and compared our rate with the tax rate in Colorado and urged economy on the part of our public officers. President H. Petersen explained that the village tax was practically the same as it had been for several years past. The township, county and state taxes have nothing to do with the village taxes.

Just before the close of the meeting Marius Hanson gave as comprehensive and reasonable explanation of the cause of high taxes as anyone could wish to hear. The principal causes of the increase in taxes are the high state taxes, partly due to it being necessary to raise money for a session of the legislature and other reasons. The County taxes were higher for the reason that the past boards in their efforts for economy had neglected to raise funds that were necessary and that it was up to the county to "face the music" sooner or later and the present board increased the budget in order to make up for what had been neglected in the past. Also the withdrawal of the Homestead tax lands, says Allen B. Failing, did considerable to reduce the revenue that in former years had come into the county treasurers funds. Also the new school naturally increased the taxes some.

It was clearly explained that no one man can be blamed for the amount of our taxes. The voters on town meeting day, in townships, determine the amount of money to be raised and such is voted at that time. The supervisors must raise this amount and spread the tax accordingly upon the taxable property in his township. From this there is no appeal. The money must be raised and the supervisor cannot raise one dollar more nor less than that which is voted by the voters at the aforesaid meeting.

Should the supervisor make an error in estimating the value of a piece of property the owner may appeal to the board of review, where the matter will be reconsidered and judged according to its merits. There were many things said at this meeting that were of interest to property owners. More should have been present.

The following were nominated and as there is but one ticket in Grayling, nomination is equivalent to election:

President—H. Petersen.
Clerk—T. P. Peterson
Treasurer—M. Hanson.
Assessor—J. W. Sorenson.
Trustees—F. H. Milks, (in place of L. Herrick, who declined to be a candidate this year), Walmer Jorgenson and Dr. C. A. Canfield.

The following township committee was elected: C. O. McCullough, M. Hanson and Jos. Burton.

WHY PRINCE ALBERT WINS.

Patented Process is Responsible
For Its International Popularity.

Smokers so much appreciate the flavor and coolness and aroma of Prince Albert pipe and cigarette tobacco that they often marvel that this one brand could be so different from all others.

The answer to this question is to be found on the reverse side of every Prince Albert package, where you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907." That tells the whole story. Prince Albert is made by a patented process that cuts out the bite and parch, which makes the tobacco so mighty agreeable and satisfying to men of every taste of every civilized nation on the globe.

Smokers should realize that this patented process cost three years' continuous work and study and a fortune in money to perfect. But the result has proven to be worth all that was expended upon it, because it has set free men who believed they never could enjoy a pipe or a makin's cigarette.

Prince Albert makes it possible for every man to smoke a pipe or to roll his own cigarettes. And, no matter how tender the tongue, Prince Albert cannot bite or parch. That is cut out by the patented process, leaving for the smoker only the joys of the fragrant tobacco.

It is a fact that since Prince Albert "arrived," just about six years ago, it has made three men smoke pipes, where one smoked a pipe before.

Try our special dinner and luncheon Sunday, 35c. The Royal Cafe.

A Successful Institute.

The Teachers' Institute, held in the Assembly room of the Grayling High school, Thursday and Friday of last week, was a success in every way. Every teacher now teaching in the county, except two, were present at every session and one of the absentees was out of the county on a vacation. Percentage of expected attendance, 97.43%. Many of the people of Grayling, besides teachers, manifested their interest in school work by their attendance at every lecture.

Professor H. C. Lott of Ypsilanti ably conducted the institute. Professor Lott is a man of high ideals, broad views, long teaching experience and boundless enthusiasm. His theories were sound, his plans were practical; his ideas were pedagogical; and his suggestions were adapted to the everyday problems of the teacher of this particular vicinity. Lots of teachers gave lots of heed to Lott's helpful hints.

Professor M. A. Cobb, head of the Agricultural department at C. S. N. Mt. Pleasant, assisted and the assistant was as good as the conductor. The farmers and near farmers of Crawford county missed a school of instruction when they missed Cobb's lectures. If true to name he grew in a field and he surely knows the field. Whoever is responsible (the county commissioner of schools?) ought to be impeached for nonfeasance in neglecting to notify the farmers of this opportunity. The teachers of the county showed a real live interest in every phase of scientific agriculture explained by the instructor and, especially keen was the enthusiasm on the subject of Boys' and Girls' club work. We hope to see this club work under way within the year.

HEARD AND REMEMBERED.

Education is development. Education begins in infancy.—Lott.

Will the grain mature in the growing season of this region? If so, the first question is answered; if not, discard it.—Cobb.

Most boys can tell the difference between a white pine and a Norway pine at a glance but few can explain or show any real difference.—Cobb.

Too many teachers think that the only real success is to teach in a high school or college and aim accordingly, neglecting their opportunities in their own little rural or village school.—Lott.

A boy thirteen years old with a horse twenty-two years old did all of the work raising an acre of corn and got the prize for corn growing in one of the southern counties of the state.—Cobb.

Bring the problems of the community into your school and there work out a solution for them.—Lott.

The manner of presenting the subject is more important in the moral development of the child than the question of what the subject is.—Lott.

If there is any question as to whether the best teacher should teach the first grade or the high school, put her in the first grade. A first grade teacher's influence goes with the child thru his school life.—Lott.

The rural school is the only institution in which only all may meet on a level for the advancement of community life.—Lott.

Frederic School Notes.

All the teachers attended the teachers' institute last week at Grayling.

No Monday morning exercises this week on account of examinations.

Our boys defeated Vanderbilt on the Vanderbilt floor, by a score of 17 to 33.

Venora Vallad attended the teachers' institute last week.

The play "Daughter of the Desert" will be given March 17th.

Most of the book-keeping class are starting on the second class of books.

Exercises were held Tuesday morning in honor of George Washington's birthday.

During vacation last week the furnace was overhauled and repaired.

Stories of Washington were told in the intermediate room Tuesday.

The third grade is reading out of new books.

Three of the pupils of the intermediate room have earned money for records for the Victrola.

The second grade is doing nicely with story writing.

Stories were told and pieces said on Washington's birthday by the first and second grades.

Clare Cameron is working in Frederic Bank Saturdays and after school.

Agnes Gendron, Nellie Courney, Boulah Brown and Oral Cameron were visiting out of the city during last week's vacation.

Bulfinch's "Age of Table" has been added to the reference library.

Something Good.

Those who hate nasty medicine should try Chamberlain's Tablets for constipation. They are pleasant to take and their effect is so agreeable and so natural that you will not realize that it has been produced by a medicine. Obtainable everywhere.

JUNIOR CLASS ENTERTAINS
WITH BALL.Large Crowd Enjoys Party at
Gymnasium.

"All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy." This old adage which has been recognized by our leading instructors and public spirited men is why we have play grounds and gymnasium, in our public school buildings so that our youth may learn to play well, to recreate with the best of environment, to develop muscle, alertness, self-control, unselfishness and courtesy. These splendid qualities cannot help but be developed under the proper instruction and management. Grayling has in her new public school building one of the finest gymnasiums in the state and it was with pride and pleasure that the Junior class of 1917 entertained the senior class, parents and friends with a dancing party on Friday evening in this magnificent play room. The decorations were simple, but effective, red and white crepe paper being festooned from the sides of the room to the center, where the streamers met and formed a large inverted dome. At nine o'clock, Clark's orchestra of eight pieces struck up a lively two step and the dance was on. It was a pretty sight to see the floor filled with old and young. Parents and young people mingled together in happy gaiety and stepping in time to the music. The Juniors had prepared a splendid buffet lunch and this was served in basement rooms. It was a very pretty and well attended party and did credit to the class of 1917. The Junior hops have been an annual affair in Grayling for many years and now that we have such an ideal place to hold these parties we hope they may continue indefinitely.

FINE PROGRAM PREPARED.

Monthly Meeting of the Mother's
Club Feb. 29th.

As was determined at the organization meeting of the Mothers' club, Jan. 21st, the regular meetings will be held the last Tuesdays of each month. No meeting was held the last Tuesday of January owing to the time for arrangements was too brief.

Since this time President Mrs. Stanley N. Stanley has been busy gathering information and making arrangements for the conducting of such an organization. A splendid program has been prepared for next week and it is hoped that the ladies of Grayling and more especially the mothers who have children in the school, will be present. Just which room at the school house will be used has not been determined, however should the crowd be large enough, the auditorium will be used.

The program that has been arranged for next week is as follows.

Play and play grounds—L. C. Bungalow.

Child welfare and Mother's clubs—Mrs. T. W. Hanson.

Child life in the home—Mrs. A. A. Ellsworth.

Discussion by—Mrs. O. P. Schumann.

Our school—a vital factor in the community—Miss Hale.

Discussion by—Miss Lane.

The meeting will be opened at 7:30 o'clock and all ladies of Grayling are cordially invited to be present.

Basket Ball.

The Grayling high school boys and girls will play Grayling high school boys and girls at the new high school gymnasium, Friday evening, Feb. 25th. The boys' game gives promise of being a hot one. Our boys are prepared to play hard and fast. The girls' game will be called at 8:30 sharp. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

The Best Drug Service.

There are good and poor qualities in drugs just as well as in other commodities and it is the very best obtainable that we use in our prescriptions. It pays the purchaser to get the best.

A. M. Lewis.

NOW FOR A YEAR OF
ECONOMICAL BUYING

With the January sales a thing of the past, we have now settled down to giving you a season of the most economical and satisfactory buying this community has ever witnessed. New goods will soon be arriving and our shelves will be stocked with everything you could desire, with prices battered down until it is impossible to lower them another penny.

We invite you to make yourself as much at home here as you would be in your own home. You will be a welcome guest at all times, patron or not.

EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods Store

Cassidy's Silver Slice Cake

Is Already a Big Success

Silver Slice Cake is but one of several cakes baked at the Model Bakery but is probably the most popular of all, because of the fact that it is a pure white cake—the finest you ever tasted, and it is topped with a pure white frosting that is in reality a real confection all by itself. If you like cake, you will like Cassidy's Silver Slice Cake. The trade mark "Silver Slice" assures its excellence.

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

The Store that Advertises is the Store that Does the Business

Farm and Garden Seeds

I am the only seedsman in or out of Michigan who has a stock of SEED CORN grown in Northern Michigan. Don't forget it. Write your name and address on a postal card and get my price list.

EDW. E. EVANS, West Branch, Mich.

Lock Box 422.

1-27-6

NEW YEAR ... NEW CAR

Does it sound good to you? Make it better than it sounds by seeing us now about your this year's car. The proposition we have to make you is quite as attractive as the car we sell, and THAT MEANS SOMETHING.

APPERSON CARS

T. E. DOUGLAS, Agent

Lovells, Michigan

A BRAVE MAN FATALLY STRICKEN

SEARCHING FOR BODY DROWNED
IN HURON RIVER ENDS IN
MORTAL ILLNESS.

MUSKEGON MUST CLEAN UP

State Board of Health Takes Action
Over Scarlet Fever Epidemic Fol-
lowing One of Smallpox, in Which
It Took a Hand.

Ann Arbor—Bert Lawson, 25, an em-
ployee of the City Ice Co., was taken to
the University hospital Thursday, and
it was announced that, but slight
hopes for his recovery are entertain-
ed. Lawson is suffering from acute
affectation of the kidneys, brought on,
it is said, through exposure early in
January when searching in the Huron
river for the body of Harold Korn,
the university student who was
drowned while skating with a compari-
son. Lawson has a wife and four small
children who are virtually destitute.
The fraternity of which Korn was a
member, has been contributing to the
support of the little family. Lawson
continued the search for the body of
Korn until after 2 o'clock in the morn-
ing, long after all the other searchers
had left the scene, despairing of lo-
cating it that night. Lawson's illness
directly followed that night's exposure.

Muskegon Council Blamed.

Lansing—The city council of Mus-
kegon will be notified by the state
board of health that if better work is
not done immediately toward the erad-
icating of scarlet fever in that city,
the state board will take charge and
clean up the city. Last week Dr. C. C.
Stemmons, of Grand Rapids, district
medical officer for the state board, vis-
ited Muskegon on the call of Dr. Geo.
S. Williams, the health officer. He says
he found 160 cases of scarlet fever and
but a feeble attempt being made to
combat the disease, chiefly due to a
lack of financial help on the part of
council. Mr. Williams will appear be-
fore the council and insist that it hire
additional help; if not, the state board
will assume charge of the city at once.
Some weeks ago Muskegon had a
smallpox epidemic which the state
board had to straighten out.

LAKE SHIPYARDS ARE BUSY

Building Ships for Ocean as Well as
Lake Service.

Washington—Great lakes shipyards
are doing a land office business build-
ing ships for coastwise and foreign
service, according to the report of the
department of commerce.

The report shows merchant ships of
901,000 tons building at all United
States yards and 142,000 tons are on
the great lakes. The great lakes con-
struction jumped from 39,000 in 1914.
The Great Lakes Engineering Works,
of Detroit, is building eight coastwise
vessels of 2,500 tons each, all of
which are for foreign owners. The
total tonnage under construction by the
Great Lakes company is 42,530.
The American Shipbuilding Co., with
yards at Detroit and Wyandotte, has
ships of 63,000 tons under construc-
tion. A number of these are ocean-
going freighters for Scandinavian com-
panies.

DISCOVERS HUMAN BONES

Two Poles Are Being Held; Murder
Took Place Last October.

Benton Harbor—Discovery of a
bucketful of human bones in the cel-
lar of the old Record farm home, and
the signed confessions of Toefel
Zdrowski and Alek Mitsky that Tony
Grinewitsch, aged, Pole, whose body
was unearthed Saturday, had been
murdered there last October, have
convinced Berrien county authorities
that the Rector place will prove to be a
second "Guinness murder farm."
Boys found the bones and doctors
said they were those of a human skele-
ton.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Primary elections and caucuses in
the Wayne county townships will be
held nearly two weeks earlier than
usual this year. This will be done
to comply with the new absent voters'
law, which fixes March 14 as the final
date. It is customary in many town-
ships to name the party tickets only
a week before the annual election in
April.

Fire, due to an overheated furnace,
broke out in the Presbyterian church
at Brooklyn during the mid-week
prayer meeting. The worshippers
formed a bucket brigade and with
water from a cistern on the church
property, saved the structure.

Mayor Betz's reply to quo warranto
proceedings of Charles Hoyt, defeated
candidate for mayor of Monroe, is
that Hoyt cannot hold the office, be-
cause he is the local agent of the
Lake Shore railroad, which draws
money from the city treasurer for
services.

Ignatius K. Schultz, of Bay City,
a gaoler and the father of 13 surviv-
ing children, is dead, following an
operation for appendicitis.

Attacks on Gov. Ferris, Judge
Widdis of Isosco county, and on Judge
Stevens of Flint, are believed to have
been averted by the arrest of John
E. Crawford, a Buick employee, on
the charge of libeling the superin-
tendent of the state hospital in Ohio,
Gov. Willis, and other officials of that
state. Crawford will be taken to the
Buckeye state, requisition papers
having been obtained in Lansing.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Holstein breeders of Shiawassee are
planning to acquire more registered
stock.

Jas. McDonald, 40, serving a bur-
gulary sentence from Flint, died in the
state prison, Friday.

Henry Barkman, a Jonesville farm-
er, despondent over ill health, took
his life by hanging Sunday.

The state pardon board has paroled
29 prisoners, leaving 639 in the Ionia
institution, which is still over-
crowded.

Four men convicted of the burglary
of a store at Webberville some weeks
ago, have been sentenced to from
three to 15 years.

Dearborn voted Thursday to issue
\$33,000 in bonds for the construction
of a new high school, on the large
site of the present school building.

Maj. John V. Frazier, of Port Huron,
becomes senior surgeon of the state
militia through the recent death of
Maj. Ralph C. Apter, of Grand Rapids.

William J. Fairbairn, city manager
of Big Rapids, has filed a voluntary
petition in bankruptcy, which sched-
ules his liabilities at \$2,562 and his
assets at \$10.

Editor C. S. Langdon, of the M. A.
C. Record, was instructed, by the
state board of agriculture to discon-
tinue the use of reformed spelling in
his publication.

W. H. Acker will pay the third 25
per cent dividend, through his trust-
ee, Edward Kihlen, for the Richmond
bank, February 28. About \$62,000
will be turned over.

While loading a wagon with grain,
John Tuft, 23 years old of Monroe
dropped dead. He was a Spanish
war veteran and is survived by his
widow and two children.

Boy Scout training enabled Stuart
Fletcher and Howard Matzdorf, of Cad-
illac, to rescue Victor Sjorgren when
he fell through the ice. All the boys
are less than 15 years old.

After being in session at Ionia three
days, the state pardon board has ad-
journcd. Twenty-nine prisoners were
paroled. The prison is crowded to the
corridors. The prison count is 639.

John Reinf, 93 years old, oldest
member of Star Oddfellow lodge,
Saginaw, and said to be the oldest
Oddfellow in Michigan, was honored
at festivities at the local lodge hall.

After being twice married to the
same man, Mrs. Lulu E. Glaspie, of
Pontiac, has commenced proceedings
for a divorce from Horace Glaspie,
who is said to be in Great Falls,
Mont.

Aldrich Bosker, of Kalamazoo con-
victed of discharging a member of
the Michigan National Guard from his
employment because he attended camp at
Grayling, will appeal to the supreme
court.

Revived after, it is claimed, his vi-
tal functions had been suspended for
10 minutes, James A. Hall, of Grand
Rapids, died, a boiler in a railway
round house exploded Sunday, scald-
ing him.

Flowers will be part of this year's
J hop, February 25, at which planned
to save \$1,000 for 200 couples, was
voted down. This year's hop will be
much more elaborate than the "cotton
ball" of 1915.

Michigan produced 77 per cent of
all automobiles manufactured in the
United States in 1914, according to
figures made public by the census
bureau of the department of com-
merce. In value, Michigan cars made
up 65 per cent of the total.

Fire in the belfry, catching, it is
supposed from a defective chimney
flue, burned the whole interior of the
eight-room brick graded school build-
ing in Northville. The insurance is
\$6,000. Classes are being held in
churches, the public library and simi-
lar places.

More than 96,000 pounds of fish are
caught at St. Joseph annually, accord-
ing to a report of the game warden's
department. Five hundred miles of
nets are stretched each season, and
the 1915 catch was valued at \$50,000,
with \$36,000 invested, and more than
100 men employed.

Charles Pomeroy, 45, suffered the
loss of an ear and a fractured arm
and leg when he was drawn into the
water of Muskegon lake Sunday by
the gears of an ice hauling machine.
He was under the water ten minutes,
but the use of a pulmotor gives him
an even chance to recover.

The nameboard of the schooner
"Bridget," which was lost with all
hands off St. Joseph, Lake Michigan,
in 1835, has been presented to Lodge
No. 8, Shipmasters' association, of
Marine City, by William W. Smith,
of Marine City. The nameboard, which
is hand carved and elaborately de-
signed, was picked up on the beach
near St. Joseph in 1836 by a man
named Porter, who gave it to Capt. R.
N. McNiff, who in turn presented it
to Mr. Smith a year later.

When the gun which W. R. Dou-
gerty, a Ludington farmer, carried over
his shoulder while rabbit hunting
struck a limb the weapon was dis-
charged, and the shot tore a wound
in the side of his son, Floyd, that
caused his death.

The Michigan Central Railroad Co.
are hauling their annual supply of
ice for all their eating houses, de-
pots and offices from Chicago to De-
troit, and throughout Michigan. The
ice comes from George Lake, near
West Branch, and is about 14 inches
thick.

Catherine Mulgrew of Muskegon, is
in a critical condition and her mother,
Mrs. Elizabeth Mulgrew and her three
brothers, Hugh, Edward and John
Mulgrew, are seriously ill, the result
of inhaling fumes from a coal stove.

On the recommendation of Francis
H. McLean, of the Russell Sage foun-
dation, the Lansing social survey
committee will, on March 8, organize
a city club in which about 75 men
and women from all walks of life will
be enrolled. Dr. Orlo J. Price is
chairman of the survey committee.

LIBEL NOTICE STAYS ON MAST

DEPUTY WEST BOARDS BRITISH
LINER APPAM, CAPTURED BY
LIEUTENANT BERG.

OBJECTED TO PROCEEDINGS

Confessed German Spy Caught in
New York; May Be Returned
to the British Gov-
ernment.

Norfolk, Va.—Lieutenant Berg, cap-
tor and commander of the British
liner Appam defied the authority of
the United States officials Saturday
when Deputy West boarded the liner
with a libel process to serve on the
German commander.

When Deputy West and his party
reached the Appam, the ladder was
up. The deputy directed that it be
lowered and the party went aboard.
West stated his mission and was taken
to Lieutenant Berg's quarters. The
latter at once objected to the pro-
ceedings.

"If I had known you were the United
States marshal," he said, "I would
not have allowed you aboard."

The personal process was served,
and the deputy then started to tack
the usual libel notice on the mast
of the vessel. The German command-
er objected strenuously. "The ship
is in charge of Collector Hamilton,"
he said, "and you have no right here."

Lieutenant Berg then left the Ap-
pam hurriedly and went to Newport
News to telephone. When he returned
Deputy West had tacked on the
mast of the ship the libel notice, a
paper which certified that the Appam
had been seized by order of the United
States district court at Norfolk.

Lieutenant Berg directed his men to
tear it down.

Deputy West commanded him not
to touch the notice and it remained
on the mast.

Confessed Spy Captured.

New York—Ignatius Timothy Treb-
lisch Lincoln, self-vaunted interna-
tional spy who escaped from the federal
authorities on January 15, last, and
then wrote letters to a newspaper,
chaffing the department of justice,
was caught at Broadway and Thirtieth
street.

Washington—Department of justice
officials say that Ignatius T. T. Lin-
coln probably would be turned over as
soon as possible to British agents for
removal to England to face charges
pending against him there. No charges
are pending against him in this coun-
try and none are contemplated, but
officials have not concealed their con-
cern that he be recaptured and re-
moved from the country.

SOME FISHERY LAWS CHANGE

Mr. Sweet Talks On The Subject of
U. S. Control.

Washington—Assistant Secretary of
Commerce Edwin F. Sweet, of Grand
Rapids, Michigan, suggests that the
several states ought voluntarily to
transfer complete jurisdiction and
authority over the matter of fisheries
to the federal government. The opin-
ion of Mr. Sweet is that vastly greater
efficiency will be received together
with decreased violation of law.
"Where there is a variance between the
laws of contiguous states," Mr.
Sweet says, "as there almost always
is, the fishermen in actual practice
drop to the level of the least scientific
and least protective laws. The en-
forcement of state laws by state ward-
ens is frequently so inefficient that if
the matter were not one of the most
serious importance it would be con-
sidered a joke. They are too well
acquainted with the law breakers and
too friendly. They sometimes are
themselves law breakers."

ITEMS OF STATE INTEREST

A report received from Minneapolis
states that William Hollis, former
Port Huron resident and for years a
Grand Trunk engineer, had been sen-
tenced to the workhouse in that city
as a vagrant. Hollis informed the
court that for 15 years he had tramp-
ed the country, seeking his wife, who
left him in Port Huron in 1901.

L. S. Reihm, dismissed as prin-
cipal of Sherman schools because he
admitted posing in the nude for a
photograph, declares he will not give
up his position without a fight. An
appeal may even be taken to the
courts, he asserts. Reihm was ousted
by the county school examiners on
charges of immorality preferred by
the Sherman board of education.

Found guilty for the second time
of violating the local option law,
Frank Wilson has been sentenced to
two years in the Ionia reformatory.

Fred Kophaeman, of Reed City,
rescued his wife and two children
when their home burned at midnight
with the mercury below zero. Al-
though badly burned, Kophaeman
made three trips into the burning
house, each time carrying out a
member of his family. Each time
his clothing caught fire and he ex-
tinguished it by rolling in a snow-
bank.

Cadiz—A concentration camp for
the Germans who escaped from Kam-
erun into Spanish Guinea has been
prepared near San Fernando in Isle
of Leon.

Washington—The British govern-
ment contends that the United States
had no right to protest against search
of the American steamer Zealandia
last fall at Progresso, Mexico, and
has settled the case directly with
Mexico. Although no reply has been
made to the American protest, Great
Britain now regards the incident as
closed.

SPY WHO BOASTS OF HIS GETAWAY



IGNATIUS T. T. LINCOLN.

New York—Ignatius T. T. Lincoln,
former member of the British parlia-
ment and self-confessed German spy,
who escaped from a restaurant in
Brooklyn where he had been taken by
a United States marshal, was cap-
tured Saturday night. He congratulated
the police for their work in arresting
him. "Good work," he exclaimed. "I
didn't think you could do it."

THE ARMY BILL AS OUTLINED

Gives Us a Total Peace Strength of
575,000 Men.

Washington—National preparedness
legislation took a long step forward
in congress, when the house military
committee reached a practical agree-
ment on the outline of the army bill
it will unanimously present for pass-
age.

Complete federalization of the Na-
tional Guard will be substituted for
the proposed continental. The meas-
ure will grant virtually the entire
program mapped out by former Sec-
retary Garrison for the regular army
and go even farther than he recom-
mended in providing for reserve mili-
tary supplies. A total peace strength
of 575,000 men in the standing army
and the guard combined will be pro-
vided for, with reserve systems to
more than double the force in war.

The expense for the whole estab-
lishment this year is roughly esti-
mated at \$174,000,000. The first year
of the Garrison plan would have called
for a total expenditure of \$181,000,000.

The bill will authorize the in-
crease of the regular army to a total
peace strength of 147,000 by adding
10 regiments of infantry, four reg-
iments of field artillery, 52 companies
of coast artillery, 15 companies of
engineers and four aero squadrons.
This is the exact regular army pro-
gram mapped out by former Secretary
Garrison.

Under the tentative bill, the regular
army would have an organization cap-
able of being expanded to 275,000 men
in war time, and a reserve provision
will be included designed to produce
annually 75,000 reservists, obligated
to return to the colors under call. It
will provide also for doubling the
cadet corps at West Point and crea-
tion of 30 cadet companies to be at-
tached to regular regiments to be
trained for entry into an officers' re-
serve corps.

ANOTHER POISONING CASE

Thirty-Five Persons Were Compelled
to Ask Medical Aid

Pittsburgh—Mystery surrounds the
illness of 35 persons who were com-
pelled to ask for medical attention
after attending a church supper at
Carnegie, near here. Opinion regard-
ing the cause differs. One physician
who attended a number of the victims
said he believed they were suffering
from ptomaine poisoning, while another
physician said the symptoms were
similar to those of arsenic poisoning.
It was said that all of the victims
would recover.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Belleville—Emil Koehler, Jr., an
American and former resident of
this city, is under arrest in Toronto,
suspected of being a German spy.

London—Anxiety verging on alarm
is being caused in government cir-
cles by the situation in Ireland. Not
only is Ireland apathetic toward the
war, but evidences of a seditious
anti-government campaign have been
unearthed.

Washington—The proposal to amend
the income tax law so as to include
smaller incomes is virtually certain
to be abandoned in favor of an in-
creased rate on those already taxed it
was declared by democrat house lead-
ers.

London—Financial circles are keen-
ly interested in Premier Asquith's
coming demand for a new appropria-
tion of 420,000,000 pounds (\$2,100,000,000)
for war purposes, bringing the
total British war expenditure up to
2,082,000,000 pounds (\$10,410,000,000).

Washington—Developments since
Senator Robinson offered his demand
for an immediate investigation of the
aviation corps of the United States
army are sufficient to indicate that
congress will not submit to a white-
wash of the signal corps.

London—The suggestion that a sec-
ret cable exists between England and
Germany was contained in an article
in the Pall Mall Gazette. This might
explain the rapidity with which news
gets from England to Germany, the
paper says.

FRENCH BRING DOWN ZEPPELIN

RUSSIA'S FORCES PRACTICALLY
CONTROL ENTIRE LAKE
VAN REGION.

DRIVING TURKS SOUTHWARD

Berlin Declares British Hand Grn-
ade Attack Repulsed—Also At-
tack Along Lens-Arras
Road.

Paris—A Zeppelin airship was
brought down by French guns in the
vicinity of Brabant-le-Roi, in the Meuse
district, according to an official an-
nouncement. The Zeppelin was flying
from St. Menchould toward the south
and was attacked by guns from Re-
vigny. Hit by an incendiary shell, the
Zeppelin fell in flames in the vicinity
of Brabant-le-Roi.

London—Russia's forces in Turkish
Armenia are still driving the Turks
toward the south, according to reports
from Petrograd, and are now in pos-
session of the entire Lake Van region.
One unofficial report says the Turks
have evacuated the important town of
Bilid, southwest of Lake Van. Bilid
is on the direct line of a force
pushing from Lake Van toward Diar-
bekr, about 100 miles away. 50 miles
beyond which city runs the Bagdad
railway, possession of which by the
Russians would cut Turkish communi-
cations with Syria and render hazard-
ous the position of the Turkish forces
along the British down the Tigris in
Mesopotamia.

On the western fighting front the
British are struggling with the Ger-
mans for small trench sections and the
edges of mine craters in the sector
from Arras north to the Yser canal
in Belgium.

Berlin declares that a British hand
grenade attack on the position on the
canal recently taken by the Germans
was repulsed as was also an attack
along the Lens-Arras road. The of-
ficial statement likewise records a
backward push for the British south
of Loos, where they had advanced to
edge of a German mine crater.

EMPLOY MILLION MEN IN NAVY

Navy Has 320,000 Officers and Men to
146,000 When War Broke Out.

London—The magnitude of the work
going on in the navy is shown in a
letter from the admiralty to Sir Gil-
bert Parker, answering his inquiry in-
to the house of commons on the number
of people engaged in all branches of
the navy and of naval work. The let-
ter states that the navy proper had
148,000 officers and men when the war
broke out, which number has in-
creased to 320,000, with the authority
granted for a further increase to
350,000 officers and men, besides
55,000 naval reserves. There are also
65,000 men engaged in work at royal
dockyards and other naval establish-
ments and several times that number
on admiralty work under contract and
sub-contract. An aggregate of more
than 1,000,000 persons engaged in var-
ious branches of naval work is shown.

PRISONERS KILL SHERIFF

Make Escape in Automobile and Are
Followed by Posse.

Deming, N. M.—Prisoners in the
county jail early Sunday morning
mutined, locked the sheriff and his
attendants in a cell, telephoned for
an automobile and escaped in it, and
later in a battle with the sheriff and
his posse killed the sheriff. The pris-
oners told the garage keeper it was
Sheriff Dwight Stevens talking and
that the car was wanted to take a
sick man to a hospital. The chauffeur
was locked up with the sheriff and the
prisoners escaped in the car after first
looting the militia armory for rifles
and ammunition. Later the sheriff
secured his release and with a posse
followed the prisoners. In a battle the
sheriff was killed. Two of the escap-
ed prisoners were murderers.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

New York—America has contributed
\$7,500,000 to the relief of Belgium.

New York—The fact that Jean
Cronos, the anarchist chief who is ac-
cused of poisoning the soup at a din-
ner given by Roman Catholic clergy
to Archbishop Mundelein in Chicago,
is supposed to be in this city caused
the police to take extraordinary pre-
cautions to safeguard guests attend-
ing a ball given by the Knights of
Columbus.

San Francisco—The Japanese cruis-
ers Chitose and Tokiwa, on board of
which is said to be \$51,460,000 in
gold specie for purchase of war sup-
plies for Russia, have arrived at
Victoria, B. C.

London—On the receipt of the news
of the capture of Erzerum by the Rus-
sians, King George dispatched the fol-
lowing message to Emperor Nicholas:
"My heartfelt congratulations upon
the splendid achievement of your gal-
lant troops in capturing Erzerum after
such hard fighting, which I trust will
have far-reaching effects."

Berlin—The Hungarian minister of
finance has concluded arrangements
with a group of German banks for a
loan of 150,000,000 marks. The loan
will be covered by 5 per cent treasury
bonds, redeemable in two and a half
years.

New York—Records of the exports
of horses to Europe show that more
than 500,000 horses valued at \$125,000,
000 have been shipped there from this
country since the beginning of the
war. The average price in 1914 was
\$240, but the horses were selling at
an average of \$207 in November.

HEAVY MEAT EATERS HAVE SLOW KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if you feel Backache or
have bladder trouble—Take
glass of Salts.

No man or woman who eats meat regu-
larly can make a mistake by flushing the
kidneys occasionally, says a well-known
authority. Meat forms uric acid which
excites the kidneys, they become over-
worked from the strain, get sluggish and
fail to filter the waste and poisons from
the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all
rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble,
nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and
urinary disorders come from sluggish
kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in one
kidney or your back hurts or if the
urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sedi-
ment, irregular of passage or attended by
a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat
and get about four ounces of Jad
Salts from any pharmacy; take a
teaspoonful in a glass of water before
breakfast and in a few days your kidneys
will act fine. This famous salts is made
from the acid of grapes and lemon juice,
combined with lithia, and has been used
for generations to flush and stimulate
the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids
in urine so it no longer causes irritation,
thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot
injure; makes a delightful effervescent
lithia-water drink which everyone
should take now and then to keep the
kidneys clean and active and the blood
pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney
complications.

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils
Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your
clogged nostrils open right up, the air
passages of your head clear and you can
breathe freely. No more yawning, snif-
fling, blowing, headache, dizziness. No
struggling for breath at night; your
cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream
Balm from your druggist now. Apply
a little of this fragrant, antiseptic,
healing cream in your nostrils. It pen-
etrates through every air passage of the
head, soothes the inflamed or swollen
mucous membrane and relieves com-
fortably.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up
with a cold or nasty catarrh.

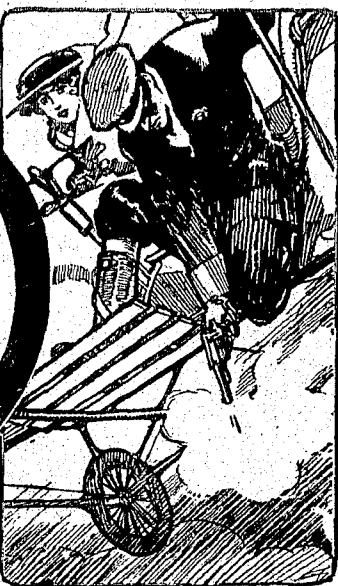
The Suffrage Union.

Michigan headquarters of the Con-
gressional Suffrage Union were
opened in the Prudden building in
Lansing last week by Miss Lillian W.
Snedcor of Detroit, who is executive
secretary of the organization. Miss
Snedcor says the campaign to line up
the Michigan congressmen in favor of
the federal amendment providing for
equal suffrage, will be directed from
this city. The executive secretary
says the union feels certain of support
from all the Michigan delegation with
the exception of Representatives
Nichols and Doremus of Detroit,
Beakes of Ann Arbor, Scott of Alpena
and Mc



THE LONE WOLF

LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE



SYNOPSIS.

After stealing the Ombre jewels and the moneyman was plans in London. Michael Lanyard returns to Troyon's Paris inn, for the first time in many years because he thinks Roddy, a Scotland Yard man, is on his trail. On arrival he finds Roddy already installed as a guest. At dinner a conversation between Comte de Morbihan, M. Bannion and M. Lanyard about the Lone Wolf, a celebrated crackman who works alone, alarms him. Lanyard dresses and goes out, leaving Roddy snoring in the next room, then comes back stealthily, to find in his room M. Bannion, who explains her presence by saying that she was sleeping-walking. In his apartment near the Trocadero he finds written on the back of a 20-franc note, part of his concealed emergency hoard, an invitation from The Pack to the Lone Wolf to join them. Lanyard attempts to dispose of the Ombre jewels, but finds that The Pack has forbidden the buyers to deal with him. He decides to meet The Pack. De Morbihan meets him and takes him before three masked members of The Pack. He recognizes Pontot, apache, and Wertheimer, English mobster, but the third, an American, is unknown to him. He refuses alliance with them. On his return to his room he is attacked in the dark, but knocks out his assailant. He gives the unconscious man, who proves to be the mysterious American, a hypnotic keel to keep him quiet, discovers that Roddy has been murdered in his bed with the evident intention of leaving the crime on him, and changing the appearance of the unconscious American to resemble his own, starts to leave the house. In the corridor he encounters Lucia Bannion, who insists on leaving with him.

CHAPTER XII—Continued.

Her hands moved toward him in a flutter of ecstasy. "I, too, must leave unseen—I must! Take me with you—and I promise you no one shall ever know."

He lacked time to weigh the disadvantages inherent in her proposition; though she offered him a heavy hand-cap, he had no choice but to accept it without protest.

"Come, then," he told her—"and not a sound."

She signified assent with another nod, and promptly he turned to an adjacent door, opened it gently, whipped out his flash-lamp, and passed through. Without sign of hesitancy she followed, and like two shadows they dogged that dancing spotlight through a linen closet and service room, down a shallow well threaded by a spiral of iron steps and, by way of a long corridor that in the kitchen offices, on to a stout door of oak secured only by huge, old-style bolts of iron.

In two minutes from the moment of their encounter they stood outside Troyon's, that door at their back, facing a cramped, malodorous alleyway—a dark and noisome souvenir of that wild medieval Paris whose effacement is an enduring monument to the fame of the good Baron Haussmann.

For all its might and its omniscience, Lanyard doubted if the Pack had as yet identified Michael Lanyard with that ill-starred Marcel who once had been as intimate with this secret way as any skulking Tom of its feline horde.

But with this confidence was never akin to foolhardiness; and it, before leaving Troyon's back door, he had paused to take the girl's hand and had drawn it through his arm—it was his left arm that he thus dedicated to gallantry—his right hand remained unhampered and was never far from the grip of his automatic.

Nor was he altogether trustful of his companion. Momentarily he grew more jealously heedful of her, of every nuance in her bearing. The least trace of added pressure on his arm, the most subtle suggestion that she wasn't altogether indifferent to him or regarded him in any way other than as the chance-found comrade of an hour of trouble would have proved enough to fix his suspicions. For such, he told himself, would be the first thought of one bent on beguiling, to lead him on by some intimation—the more tenuous and elusive the more provoking—that she found him in person not altogether objectionable.

But he failed to find anything of this in her manner.

So what was he to think? That she was alert enough to appreciate how ruinous to her design would be any such advances?

In such perplexity he brought her to the mouth of the alley and there pulled up for reconnaissance before venturing forth into the narrow, dark and utterly deserted side street that presented itself.

At this the girl gently disengaged her hand and drew away a pace or two, and when Lanyard had satisfied himself that there were no Apaches in the offing he turned to see her standing there, just within the entrance to the alley, in a pose of blank indecision.

Conscious of his regard, she turned to his inspection a face touched with a fugitive, uncertain smile.

"Where are we now?" she asked in a guarded tone.

He named the street, and she shook her head.

"That doesn't mean much to me," she confessed; "I'm so strange in Paris, I know only a few of the principal streets. Where is the Boulevard St. Germain?"

"Two blocks that way," Lanyard indicated the direction.

"Thank you," she advanced a step or two, but paused again. "Do you know, possibly, just where I could find a taxi-cab?"

He smiled deceptively: "Don't worry about that. Where do you wish to go?"

"To the Gare du Nord."

That made him open his eyes. "The Gare du Nord?" he echoed. "But—I beg your pardon—"

"I wish to catch the first train for London," the girl informed him calmly.

"You'll have some time to wait," Lanyard informed her. "The first train leaves about half past eight, and now it's not more than five."

"That can't be helped. I can wait in the station."

He shrugged; that was her loss—not if she were sincere in her assertion that she meant to leave Paris; something which he took the liberty of doubting.

"You can reach it by the Metro," he suggested—"the underground, you know; there's a station handy—St. Germain des Pres. If you like, I'll show you the way."

Her relief seemed so naive he could almost have believed it genuine. And yet—

"I shall be very grateful," she murmured.

He took that for whatever worth it might assay and quietly fell into place beside her, and in mutual silence—perhaps largely due to her intuitive sense of his bias—they gained the Boulevard St. Germain. But here, even as they emerged from the side street, that happened which again upset Lanyard's plans—a belated fiacre horse up out of the mist and ranged alongside, its driver loudly soliciting patronage.

Beneath his breath Lanyard cursed the man liberally; nothing could have been more inopportune; he needed that uncouth conveyance for his own purposes, and it had only waited until he had piloted the girl to the Metropolitan station, he might have had it. Now he must either yield the cab to the girl or—share it with her.

Somewhat sulkily, then, if without betraying his temper, he signaled the cocher, opened the door, and handed the girl in with the suggestion:

"If you don't mind dropping me en route."

"I shall be very glad," she said—"anything to repay, even in part, the courtesy you've shown me!"

"Oh, please don't worry about that," he gave the driver precise directions, climbed in, and settled himself beside the girl. The whip cracked, the horse sighed, the driver swore, the aged fiacre groaned, stirred reluctantly, crawled wearily off through the thickening drizzle.

Within its body a common restraint held silence like a wall between the two.

The girl sat with face averted, reading through the window what corner signs they passed.

And in his turn Lanyard reviewed those well-remembered signs in vast weariness of spirit—disgusted with himself in consciousness that the girl had somehow divined his distrust.

"The Lone Wolf, eh?" he mused bitterly. "Rather, the Corned Rat—if people only knew! Better still, the Errant—no, the Affrant Ass!"

They were skirting the Palais Royal when suddenly she turned to him in an impulsive attempt at self-justification.

"What must you be thinking of me, Mr. Lanyard?"

"Oh, as to that," he countered cheerfully. "I've got a pretty definite notion that you're running away from your father."

"Yes, I couldn't stand it any longer."

She caught herself up, as though tempted but afraid to say more. He waited briefly before offering encouragement.

"I hope I haven't seemed impertinent."

"No, no!"

Than this impatient negative his pause of invitation evoked no other recognition. She had subsided into her reserve, but—she fancied—not altogether willingly.

Was it, then, possible that he had misjudged her?

"You've friends in London, no doubt?" he hazarded.

"No—none."

"But—"

"I shall manage very well. I shan't be there more than a day or two—till the next steamer sails."

"I see." There had sounded in her tone a finality which signified desire to drop the subject. None the less he pursued mischievously: "Permit me to wish you bon voyage, Miss Bannion—and to express my regret that circumstances have conspired to change your plans."

She was still eying him askance, dubiously, as if weighing the question of his acquaintance with her plans, when the fiacre lumbered from the Rue Vivienne into the Place de la Bourse, rounded that frowning pile, and drew up on its north side before the blue lights of the all-night telegraph bureau.

"With permission," Lanyard said, "I'll direct the cocher very carefully to the Gare du Nord. Please don't even tip him—that's my affair. No, not another word of thanks; to have been permitted to be of service—it is a unique pleasure, Miss Bannion. And so, good night!"

With an effect that seemed little less than timid the girl offered her hand.

"Thank you, Mr. Lanyard," she said in an unsteady voice. "I am sorry—"

But she didn't say what it was she regretted, and Lanyard, standing with bare head in the driving mist, touched her fingers coolly, repeated his farewell, gave the driver both money and instructions, and saw the cab lurch away before he turned toward the telegraph bureau.

CHAPTER XIII.

Companions.

The enigma of the girl so deeply intrigued his imagination that it was only with difficulty that he concocted a noncommittal telegram to Roddy's acquaintance in the prefecture de police—that imposing personage who had watched with the man from Scotland Yard at the platform gates in the Gare du Nord.

It was couched in English when eventually composed and submitted to the telegraph clerk with a fervent, if fawning, prayer that he might be ignorant of the tongue.

"Come at once to my room at Troyon's. Enter via adjoining room prepared for immediate action on important development. Urgent."

"RODDY."

Whether or not this were Greek to the man behind the wicket in the telegraph bureau—it was accepted with complete indifference—or, rather, with an interest that apparently evaporated upon receipt of the fees, Lanyard couldn't see that the clerk favored him with as much as a curious glance before he turned away to lose himself, to bury his identity finally and forever under the incognito of the Lone Wolf.

He couldn't have rested without taking that one step to compass the arrest of the American assassin; now, with luck and prompt action on the part of the prefecture, he felt sure that Roddy would be avenged by M. de Paris. But it was quite as well that there should be no clue whereby the author of the mysterious telegram might be traced.

It was, then, not an ill-pleased Lanyard who slipped off into the night and the rain; but his exasperation was elaborate when the first object that met his gaze was that wretched fiacre, back in place before the door, Lucia Bannion leaning from its lowered window, the cocher on his box brandishing an importunate whip at the adventurer.

He barely escaped choking on suppressed profanity, and for two sows would have swung on his heel and ignored the girl deliberately. But he didn't dare—close at hand stood a sergeant de ville, inquisitive eyes bright beneath the dripping visor of his cap, keenly welcoming this diversion of a cheerless hour.

With at least outward semblance of resignation Lanyard approached the window.

"I have been guilty of some stupidity, perhaps," he inquired with lip-civility that knew no echo in his heart. "But I am sorry—"

"The stupidity is mine," the girl interrupted in accents tense with agitation. "Mr. Lanyard, I—"

Her voice faltered and broke in a short, dry sob, and she drew back with an effort of instinctive distaste for public emotion. Lanyard smothered an impulse to demand roughly: "Well, what now?" and came closer to the window.

"There is something else I can do, Miss Bannion?"

"I don't know. I've just found it out—I came away so hurriedly I never thought to make sure; but I've no money—only a few francs!"

usually commanded me to take the place, and there was nothing to do but obey her. She was then eighty-four, and, as it proved, within two years of her death.

"It was no time for me to rebel against her wishes, but I yielded with the heaviest heart I have ever carried, and after my election to the presidency at the national convention in Washington, I left the stage, went into a dark corner of the wings, and for the first time since my girlhood cried myself sick."

After a little pause he commented: "That does complicate matters, doesn't it?"

"What am I to do? I can't go back—I won't! Anything rather. You may judge how desperate I am when I prefer to throw myself on your generosity—and already I've strained your patience."

"Not much," he interrupted pleasantly, in a soothing voice. "But—half a moment—we'll have to talk this over."

Directing the cocher to drive to the Place Pigalle, he re-entered the cab, suspicion more than ever rife in his mind. But as far as he could see—with that confounding argent de ville staring—there was nothing else for it. He couldn't stand there in the rain forever, gossiping with a girl half hysterical or pretending to be.

"You see," she explained when the fiacre was again under way, "I thought I had a hundred-franc note in my pocket-book, and so I have—but the pocket-book's back there in my room at Troyon's."

"A hundred francs wouldn't see you far toward New York," he observed thoughtfully.

"Oh, I hope you don't think—"

She drew back into her corner with a little shudder of humiliation.

As if he hadn't, Lanyard turned to the window, leaned out, and redirected the driver sharply: "Impasse Stanislas!"

Immediately the vehicle swerved, rounded a corner, and made back toward the Seine with the celerity which suggested that the stables lay on the Rive Gauche.

"Where?" the girl demanded as Lanyard sat back. "Where are you taking me?"

"I'm sorry," Lanyard said, with every appearance of sudden contrition; "I acted impulsively—on the assumption of your complete confidence. Which, of course, was unpardonable. But, believe me, you have only to say no, and it shall be as you wish."

"But," she persisted impatiently—"you haven't answered me: what is this Impasse Stanislas?"

"The address of an artist I know—Solon, the painter. We're going to take possession of his studio-residence in his absence. Don't worry; he won't mind. He is under heavy obligation to me—I've sold several canvases for him, and when he's away, as now, in the States, he leaves me the keys. It's a sober-minded, steady-paced neighborhood, where we can rest without misgivings and take our time to think things out."

"But—" the girl began in an odd tone.

"Permit me," he interposed hastily, "to urge the facts of the case upon your consideration."

"Well," she said in the same tone, as he paused.

"To begin with—I don't doubt you've

turned to an iron gate in a high stone wall crowned with spikes.

The grillwork of that gate afforded glimpses of a small, dark garden and a little house of two stories. Blank walls of beehiving tenements shouldered both house and garden on either side.

Unlocking the gate with a ready key, Lanyard refastened it very carefully, repeated the business at the front door of the house, and when they were securely locked and bolted within a dark reception room, turned on the electric light.

But he granted the girl little more than time for a fugitive survey of this anteroom to an establishment of unique artistic character.

"Solon's living quarters are downstairs here," he explained hurriedly. "He's unmarried, and lives quite alone—his studio and the woman who cares for things come in by the day only—and so he avoids that pest of Parisian life, the concierge. With your permission, I'll assign you to the studio—up here."

And leading the way up a narrow flight of steps, he had made a light in the huge room by the time the girl joined him.

"I believe you'll be comfortable," he said. "That divan yonder is as easy as a couch as one could wish—and there's this door you can lock at the head of the staircase; while I, of course, will be on guard below. And now, Miss Bannion—unless there's something else I can do—"

The girl answered with a wan smile and a little broken sigh. Almost involuntarily, in the heaviness of her fatigue, she had surrendered to the hospitable arms of a huge lounge chair.

Her weary gaze ranged the luxuriously appointed studio and returned to Lanyard's face, and while he waited he fancied he caught something moving and wistful in those eyes so deeply shadowed with distress, perplexity and fatigue.

"I'm very tired indeed," she confessed—"more than I knew. But I'm sure I shall be comfortable. And I count myself very fortunate, Mr. Lanyard. You've been more kind than I deserve. Without you, I don't like to think what might have become of me."

"Please don't!" he pleaded. And suddenly disconcerted by consciousness of his duplicity, he turned to the stairs. "Good night, Miss Bannion," he murmured, and was half way down before he heard his valediction faintly echoed.

As he gained the lower floor the door was closed at the top of the stairs and its bolt shot home with a soft thud. When he turned to lock the lower one he stayed his hand in transient indecision.

"Damn it!" he growled uneasily—"there can't be any harm in that girl! Impossible for eyes like hers to lie! And yet—"

And yet—Oh, what's the matter with me? Am I losing my grip? Why hesitate over ordinary precautions against treachery on the part of a woman who's nothing to me and of whom I know nothing that isn't consciously questionable? All because of a pretty face and an appealing manner!"

So he locked that door, if very gently, and having pocketed the key and made a round of doors and windows to examine their fastenings, he stumbled heavily into the bedroom of his friend the artist.

Darkness overwhelmed him then—he was stricken down by sleep as an ox falls under the ax.

CHAPTER XIV.

Awakening.

It was late afternoon when Lanyard awakened from sleep so deep and dreamless that nothing could have induced it less potent than sheer systemic exhaustion, at once nervous, muscular and mental.

A profound and stifling lethargy benumbed his senses. There was stupor in his brain and all his limbs ached dully. He opened dazed eyes upon blank darkness. In his ears sounded a vast silence.

And in that strange moment of awakening he was conscious of no individuality—it was, for the time, as if he had passed in slumber from one existence to another, sloughing in the transition all his threefold existence

Cheese as an Aid to Health

The long cherished idea that cheese should form only a small part of the daily diet recently has been challenged. Not long ago the United States department of agriculture issued a bulletin recommending the use of cheese as a cheap and wholesome substitute for meat.

An interesting and important assertion by a Swiss investigator is to the effect that persons who make cheese a considerable part of their regular

diet are very resistant to many intestinal diseases, such as dysentery and the dreaded typhus fever which has desolated Serbia. According to Doctor Burri, the daily meat ration in the Swiss army has already been partly replaced by cheese, with excellent results.

The Corporation of Trinity church, New York, owns 359 houses, the rent of which maintains the church.

HAVE ROSY CHEEKS AND FEEL FRESH AS A DAISY—TRY THIS!

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

To see the tinge of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact to feel your best, day in and day out, just try inside-bathing every morning for one week.

Before breakfast each day, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it as a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at your druggist or general store, but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is sallow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside-bathing will have them both looking and feeling better in every way.—Adv.

Putting Papa Wise.

"Papa," said the hopeful youth, "can you tell me what is natural philosophy?"

"Of course I can," said papa, proud and relieved to find that there was at least something he could tell his offspring. "Natural philosophy is the science of cause and reason. Now, for instance, you see the steam coming out of the spout of the kettle, but you don't know why or for what reason it does so, and—"

"Oh, but I do, papa," chirped the hope of the household. "The reason the steam comes out of the kettle is so that mamma may open your letters without your knowing it."

RELIABLE REMEDY RESTORES KIDNEYS

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is a physician's prescription. Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. Dr. Kilmer used it for years in his private practice. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder, and the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it will help you. No other remedy can successfully take its place.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation, send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Claims Lye Is Not Injurious.

Prof. M. E. Jaffe of the California state board of health denies that, as is generally believed, lye-peeled peaches are more injurious to health than hand-peeled fruits. The food value, quality and flavor are unchanged, and it is impossible to distinguish one from the other except by the knife marks of the hand-peeled product, he says. Analyses show that the acidity of the fruit is not affected by the use of lye in the peeling process.

DON'T LOSE ANOTHER HAIR

Treat Your Scalp With Cuticura and Prevent Hair Falling. Trial Free.

For dandruff, itching, burning scalp, the cause of dry, thin and falling hair, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are most effective. Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Then shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. No treatment more successful.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Exchanging Views.

First Boy—My paw says he's sick over paying his income tax.

Second Boy (proudly)—Well, he ought to be like my paw. He says he doesn't have to pay any.—Judge.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 4 oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any drugist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and removes dandruff. It is excellent for falling hair and will make the hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Seek to Solve Big Problem.

Two English scientists, who are experimenting, expect to solve the problem of producing electricity directly from coal, without using a steam engine and dynamo.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The orange tree is the only one which bears fruit and blossoms at the same time.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

Paper matches are built into a new paper cigarette box.

DID NOT WANT PRESIDENCY

Doctor Shaw Tells How Her Election as Head of Woman's Suffrage Association Came About.

It is interesting, now that it is rumored that Doctor Shaw is to lay down the presidency of the National American Woman's Suffrage association, to recall how unwilling she was to assume it in 1904.

In her recently published autobi-

ography, "The Story of a Pioneer," she says: "Miss Anthony immediately urged me to accept the presidency of the National association, which I was now most unwilling to do. I had lost my ambition to be president, and there were other reasons, into which I need not go again, why I felt that I could not accept the post.

"At last, however, Miss Anthony ac-

Crawford Avalanche

G. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, FEB. 24

PATRIOTIC SUPPER AND ENTERTAINMENT

At M. E. Church, Grayling, Under Auspices of W. H. M. S.

On Monday night Feb. 21st, an excellent supper was served at the M. E. church and a patriotic program was afterwards rendered to a full house of people.

The decorations inside the church were neatly and very artistically done. Mrs. McKone and her daughter, Mrs. Miller are to be very highly complimented for their "artistic" designing of these decorations.

Every kind and patriotic heart who took part in making the evening such a success, are deserving of much credit, which is freely given in words of appreciation. "Thank you."

REV. AARON MITCHELL.

Development Bureau Places Exhibit in Chicago.

By co-operating with the Immigration Commission of Michigan, the Northeastern Michigan Development bureau has placed an exhibit of Northeastern Michigan farm products in the permanent exhibit from Michigan at the headquarters of Zone No. 10, Federal employment office Chicago, which is a branch of the U. S. department of labor.

The office is maintained by the federal government to assist the immigrant in securing his needs in employment, labor or farm land. With the exhibit from Michigan conspicuously before them it is hoped they will be influenced to settle here. Northeastern Michigan literature is easily accessible to all visitors.

Secretary T. F. Marston of the bureau went to Chicago and personally supervised the erection and placing the exhibit which is arranged in a conspicuous place on South Wabash avenue.

Attention Foresters.

A class of fifty will be initiated into Camp Court, Grayling, No. 652, on Saturday night, Feb. 26th, at Odd Fellows Temple. All members are urged to come and meet. Hon. A. E. Stevenson of Port Huron, Hon. W. E. Brown of Lapeer and Hon. Geo. Boyden of Bay City, who are officers of the order.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to our friends and neighbors who were so kind during the illness and death of our mother. Also our appreciation of the beautiful floral pieces.

MR. AND MRS. F. H. MILKS
W. H. MILKS.
A. W. MILKS.
LYLE MILKS.
MRS. T. F. PETTIE.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.
Services on Sunday next. Morning at 10:30; Sunday School at 11:45; Evening service at 7:00. Preacher REV. AARON MITCHELL.

READY EXPLAINER



Customer—Why do you put so many little berries under the top layer of big ones?
Grocer—That is done so that we can get more of them into a box.

Flour, Feed and Hay

Buy it Economically
Buy it from us

We have just opened a new warehouse for the purpose of selling, by retail, Flour, Feed and Hay.

We will make this our business and cordially solicit your patronage. To make it convenient for you to place your orders here we have installed a phone—No. 423.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city.

Yours for Economy,

Moshier & Babbitt

Warehouse Near M. C. Freight Depot

ENDS "HOODOO SHIP"

Ill-Fated Steamer Goes Up in Flames at San Juan.

Forest City Never Made a Voyage Without a Mishap—Meets Accidents of Every Variety Known to Seagoing Vessels.

San Juan, P. R.—The burning of the four-masted American schooner Forest City in San Juan harbor a few nights ago marked the close of the career of a vessel long known along the Atlantic coast as a "hoodoo ship."

The Forest City came in here in distress from Calabar, on the west coast of Africa, with a cargo of palm oil for New York. At 10 p. m., soon after she was tied up at a bulkhead, smoke was seen issuing from her forward hatch. The San Juan fire department hurried to the pier, and the coast guard cutter Itasca and steamer John E. Berwind pumped water into the flames in the schooner's hold.

The burning oil, however, spread rapidly, and after a three-hour fight the Berwind and Itasca towed the blazing hulk out into the harbor near the interned German ships, where, a huge torch, she lighted the heavens, while 20,000 people on shore watched the spectacle. Spurts of flame leaped a hundred feet in air as the masts went by the board. Finally the Itasca fired three six-pound shells into the schooner, below the water line, practically completing her destruction, although part of the hulk burned until next day.

The entire cargo was lost with the ship. It was valued at \$125,000, and was built at Millbridge, Me., in 1904. She was owned by Frankel & Co. Her captain, H. B. Allen, was making his first trip as her master.

It is said that the Forest City never made a voyage without mishap. On her last trip she was blown far out of her course, and when she put into San Juan she was leaking badly, with several spars gone. Three of her crew had contracted beriberi during her 71 days' run from Africa.

Several years ago, then being known as the Myrtle Tunnel, she went fast on Frying Pan shoals, off North Carolina, and it was several months before she was pulled off and towed into Savannah, bottom up. She was then rebuilt and renamed Forest City, but it did not change her run of luck. In taking her away from the bulkhead while she was afire she carried away the bowsprit and part of the rigging of the schooner Warren Adams, moored near her stern, and nearly set that vessel ablaze.

She has been twice waterlogged, and in the winter of 1912 she was so badly battered in a gale on the New England coast that she put into Nantucket with spars broken off, her sails torn away and her captain sick in his cabin. To add to her misfortunes the Sound froze and she was icebound for a long time.

SUES BRITISH AVIATOR



Mrs. Claude Graham-White, who was, previous to her marriage in June, 1912, to the British flight commander, Miss Dorothy Caldwell Taylor of New York, has started suit in London for a divorce.

White Muskrat With Pink Eyes.
Curtis, O.—John St. John, Jr., a boy of ten years, living on the Cedar Point road, north of Curtis, caught a pure white muskrat with pink eyes while hunting.

Grip Epidemic.

The Grip Epidemic has increased the demand for Dr. Humphrey's "Seventy-seven" so that our resources are taxed—we ask dealers and consumers to conserve and husband their supply. To get the best results, take "Seventy-seven" at the first feeling of Grip or a cold, a chill, a shiver, lassitude. If you wait until you begin to cough and sneeze, have sore throat and influenza, it may take longer.

Bottles and \$1.00, at all druggists or mail order. Medical Book Free. Humphrey's Homeo. Medicine Co., 136 William Street, New York.

UP MOUNT HOOD IN WINTER

Feat That Had Been Considered a Practical Impossibility Has Been Successfully Accomplished.

The oft attempted but never before accomplished feat of climbing Mount Hood from the north side in winter was performed recently by Charles E. Warner and William Evans of Portland, enthusiastic members of the Mazama club, who are back from their hazardous undertaking, the Portland Oregonian states. The two men made the trip despite a blinding snowstorm, fog, intense cold and other handicaps. They spent New Year's eve on the very summit of Mount Hood, saw the New Year's birth from Oregon's loftiest pinnacle and stayed at the summit until sunrise on New Year's day.

Without a guide the climbers took the hardest route from Cloud Cap Inn to the summit, passing through two terrific snowstorms, and then running into a fog in which Mr. Warner lost his compass after his companion's had been broken. They lost their bearings and wandered off the trail to Zig Zag glacier, where death beckoned on every hand, until the fog lifted and the men regained their bearings and made their way toward government camp.

The perils of the trip were increased by the solid coating of ice which was encountered near the top of the peak. The men had expected only snow and went equipped with snowshoes and rubber boots without spikes.

Eleven hours were required to climb from Cloud Cap Inn to the summit. The men completed the vertical circuit of the mountain and arrived at government camp on the south side.

VINEYARD MADE RICH YIELD

But Profits of a California Winery Were Becoming Doubtful—Rice Will Be Grown.

The 50,000-acre Vina ranch, near Chico, one of the Stanford university properties under the original foundation made by Senator and Mrs. Leland Stanford, has lost its fame and profit as a big California vineyard and winery and will soon be transformed into a big rice field, says the San Francisco Bulletin.

This is the object of the Stanford university trustees and the result of several of their business steps of late. Some of the old vineyard land has already been sown in rice and much more will be so cultivated next year. By attacks of Johnson grass and phylloxera, coupled with the fire losses of some months ago, when the United States internal revenue wine and brandy vaults and warehouses were destroyed, the vineyard has been reduced to a questionable asset.

This condition led the trustees to make radical changes. Rice was decided upon because its cultivation in that part of the state has become a great industry.

Los Angeles' Woman's Court.

A novel woman's court has been inaugurated in Los Angeles where the troubles of women and girls can be aired and acted upon by kindly women. Women and girls from all walks of life can bare their hearts, not to a courtroom full of curious, learning men, but to sensible and sympathetic members of their own sex. And when they leave they will not go to the custody of some ignorant bailiff, but in the care of some woman who will have sworn to do everything in her power to help and lift the prisoner from the depths to which she has fallen. The plan was conceived by Judge Thomas P. White and will be tried on its merits alone. A woman's court committee of twenty women has been appointed, three members of which will "sit in" at the daily court hearings, a woman bailiff will be appointed and other necessary committees.

New Styles in Hosiery.

Here is something new for art lovers to keep their eyes glued to the ground. They are two dainty new styles in feminine hosiery. One is called the lampshade stocking. This is a silk ruffle attached to the hose just above the shoe tops to give the wearer the effect of a puss in boots. When you see the lampshade stocking on the street you cannot tell whether it is coming or going. The other new nether covering is called the purse pocket creation. This is very practical for shoppers. It's a stocking bearing a pocket, with a flap and a clasp just above the ankle. The new stocking makes it unnecessary when the wearer wants to get into the first national to hide behind something and hitch up her dress to reach the roll.

Quite So.

Mr. Harry Tate, who is to appear in the new revue at the London Hippodrome, can be as witty off the stage as he is on; but there was one occasion at least when he met his match. Seeing a number of small boys busily engaged in asking one another riddles, Mr. Tate thought he would give them a poser.

Going up to one of the lads he asked: "What time is it when the clock strikes thirteen?"

"Time it was taken to the clock-maker's to be mended," answered the urchin promptly.—Exchange.

Contrary.

Mrs. Closefit—Let's stroll down the boardwalk and visit the shops.
Mr. Closefit—Why—don't you think the sun makes these boards too hot?

Mrs. Closefit—Not so hot but that you get cold feet when I want to shop.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Basket Ball.

The Grayling high school boys and girls will play Grayling high school boys and girls at the new high school gymnasium, Friday evening, Feb. 25th. The boys' game gives promise of being a hot one. Our boys are prepared to play hard and fast. The girls' game will be called at 8:30 sharp. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

PAROLED MAN A TRAVELER

Goes All Over the World and Reports Regularly Each Month to Oregon Judge.

Salem, Ore.—Although he has traveled to nearly every part of the world since his parole a year ago by Circuit Judge Percy R. Kelly of this district, John Schulz, convicted of attacking George Brown, a Newberg farmer, has faithfully reported his whereabouts each month.

In a letter received Schulz says he is "somewhere in France" and on his way to London. A few months ago Schulz reported from Canada, where he said he had been arrested as a German spy. He was released later, and to avoid further difficulties in his next letter he signed the name John Wilson. Since his parole Schulz has reported from Atlantic coast cities, Canada, South America, Sweden and France.

USE WITCHCRAFT IN INDIANA

Polish Woman in South Bend Gives Dying Infant Blood Taken From Mother.

South Bend, Ind.—Witchcraft is being practiced by certain Polish persons on the West side here. At an insanity inquest it has been learned that an aged woman, giving her name as Gottlieb Borkowska, has been posing as a witch.

A few days ago when a four-months-old babe was dying in the household of Jan Bykowski, the Borkowska woman appeared and induced the mother to give a teaspoonful of blood from the veins in her neck and feed it to the child. This, asserted the "witch," would save the infant.

The mother was charged a \$9 fee, and the next day became temporarily insane. In one instance the Borkowska woman is said to have scourged children to drive out the devil.

Read the want ads in the Avalanche. Try our special dinner and luncheon Sunday, 35c. The Royal Cafe.

Correspondence

Lovells.

D. Shannon and Judson McCormick were Grayling callers Friday.

H. Lunden of Lewiston was in town Friday on business.

Ray Owens was a Grayling caller Tuesday.

Miss Foley returned to Lovells Monday, after enjoying the Teacher's institute last week in Grayling.

E. Kellogg and one of his daughters returned home Tuesday, after enjoying a short visit with his son and family in Saginaw.

T. E. Douglas returned home Saturday morning from his business trip in Detroit.

Mrs. Henry Peoples and children of Auburn, Mich., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Caid.

Mrs. A. Nephew returned Monday morning from West Branch, where she had been a few days having dental work done.

Chas. Lee returned home Tuesday from Coral, Mich., where he has been for the past three weeks at the bed side of his father-in-law. He left the old gentleman somewhat improved. Mrs. Lee remained with her father.

The Larkin club met at the home of Mrs. Stillwagon Monday afternoon. Ice cream and cake was served to the members.

A progressive pedro party was given at the home of Mike McCormick Monday evening in honor of the young man's birthday. A delightful evening was spent by all present.

All in attendance enjoyed the dance and supper at the pavilion last Saturday night.

Wellington News.

We are glad to see Andrew Mortensen out among us again as he has been sick for some time.

Homer Annis is on the sick list at this writing.

The dance at Alton Brott's, Saturday night was well attended and all report a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Parker are visiting their son, H. E. Parker and also acquaintances.

Mrs. J. L. Baer is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Easman.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Axel Christensen of Flint on Feb. 2nd, a son. Mother and child doing well.

L. B. Merrill has rented his farm to Frank Milliken.

Hjalmar Mortenson returned to Flint Saturday.

Miss Laura Moon is visiting in Flint.

Riverview.

H. Charrey was on our streets Sunday.

E. Man of Manistee was a caller at the Bromwell home.

The Town Treasurer called on the tax payers this week.

Misses Vivian Bromwell and Edna Loper went to Sigma Saturday.

Wm. Pearson, state fire warden was here on business, Tuesday.

J. Grover, J. Longstreth and Wm. Tryen went to Grayling, Saturday.

J. McCarty of Sigma called on Wm. Bromwell, Sunday.

Mrs. J. Grover returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fox and son, Lewis spent Friday in Grayling.

Geo. Crusher was called to West Branch by the illness of his mother-in-law.

Teachers--N. B.

"Is morality more effected by the teaching of history and literature than by the teaching of mathematics or science?"

"Does one subject more than another tend to change the moral nature of the pupil?"

"Is the subject of importance, or is the way it is taught the proximate cause of the effect on morality of the teaching of a subject?"

You have all heard the above question discussed. You have no doubt, thought about it and formed a conclusion. I would like to hear what that conclusion is.

If each teacher will write me briefly her answer, and reasons therefor, I will announce through the Avalanche the answer of the majority and will state the number of answers on that side of the question.

JAS. A. KALAHAR.
Commissioner of Schools.
Frederic, Mich.

The ninth annual Masonic ball will be held at the School gymnasium, Tuesday evening, April 25th. 2-10-11

Something Good.

Those who hate nasty medicine should try Chamberlain's Tablets for constipation. They are pleasant to take and their effect is so agreeable and so natural that you will not realize that it has been produced by a medicine. Obtainable everywhere.

NEW BLACKSMITH AND REPAIR SHOP

Open for all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repair Work

Furniture Repairing and Upholstering

Dixon & McQuade

Proprietors

Near Planing Mill, South Side

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No adv. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

FOR SALE—All or any part of Sec. 11 twp. 27, range 2 west. What have you to offer? Might consider exchange. Address, E. B. Thompson, Rolfe, Iowa. 2-24-4

PIANO FOR SALE—Upright, first class in every respect. Phone 1083 or call on Mrs. E. A. Mason, Grayling. 2-17-3

MEN—Who can work among farmers and in small towns make from \$100 to \$300 per month. A practical household necessity, needed in nearly every home, sells on sight. No capital required. We furnish the stock on time to reliable men. Not a canvassing job but a hustler's opportunity. Write for sample for free trial and full details. Mantle Lamp Co., 537 Aladdin Bldg., Chicago, Ill. 2-24-3

PIANO FOR SALE—Inquire of Mrs. Walter Hanson. 2-17-4

FOR SALE—Plymouth Rock roosters. I have a few fine young birds among them being some of the prize winners at the late Bay City poultry show. Phone 713, J. M. Bunting. 2-17-2

FOR SALE—40 H. P. Jackson automobile for sale cheap if taken at once. O. N. Michelson. 2-17-4

FOR SALE—A couch, dark red, car plush. Extra large size. Inquire at this office. 2-17-3

FOR SALE—Eighty acres fine land. The W. 1/4 of the S.E. 1/4 Sec. 5, twp. 25 R. 2 W. Write for price. E. E. Larson, Columbus, Ind. 2-10-4

FOR SALE—Team of good horses, wagon and sleighs. Cheap if taken at once. Address W. R. Matheson, Roscommon, Mich. 2-3-3

WANTED—Clean cotton wiping rags. Will pay 5 cents per pound. Avalanche office. 1f.

DRY JACK PINE stove and furnace wood for sale. Inquire at Avalanche office. Phone 1112, 4-20-3

Have Your Wall Paper Cleaned

\$1.00 a Room and up

Now is the time to get your wall paper cleaned so that your walls will be clean and neat for early spring. We clean your wall paper for a dollar a room and up, according to the size of the room. Calcimine wall also.

Conrad Sorenson
Phone 613

Home Baking

Nothing Better

than what you bake yourself

If You Use

the Best Quality Merchandise

Gold Medal
Silt Edge

For Bread
Flour
For Cake

and all other ingredients that go with it in absolute best qualities money can buy, at

Salling, Hanson Co.

The Pioneer Store

Advertise In Your Local Paper

This Paper Travels Over Every Street in Town and Road in the Country. Let It Carry Your Message

The Persistent Advertiser Gets the Best Results

Rubber Goods

I am glad to inform my customers that I have finally secured the Agency for the famous line of Faultless Rubber Goods. We sell these goods on a positive guarantee. A guarantee slip goes with every article.

2 qt. Challenge Combination Fountain Syringe for	\$1.75
3 qt. " " " " " "	2.25
2 qt. " Hot Water Bottle	1.10
3 qt. Weavever Fountain Syringe	1.80
2 qt. " Combination Fountain Syringe	2.75
2 qt. " Hot Water Bottle	1.80
3 qt. Challenge Fountain Syringe	1.60
Throat Bag	.95
Spinal Bag	1.10
Weavever Ice Bag	1.25
Challenge Ice Bag	.80

A book of instructions goes with every article. Be sure to look this line over before buying anything in rubber goods.

A. M. LEWIS, YOUR DRUGGIST

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, FEB. 24

Local News

It is honest, competent optical service that you get at Hathaway's.

Miss Sena Ellerson left last Saturday for Detroit to spend the summer.

Mrs. Archie McKay of Flint is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Woodfield.

Benj. Hartquist of Manistee is a new stenographer at the R. Hanson & Sons T-town office.

Miss Agnes Havens will give a miscellaneous shower at her home Friday evening in honor of Miss Francella Wingard.

Taxes are now due and the rolls for the collection of state and county taxes are now at the Bank of Grayling, ready to receive payments.

Mrs. Olaf Michelson returned Saturday, after having been away several weeks for her health. Her friends are delighted to find her much improved.

Regular meeting of the Grayling Board of trade next Monday night, Feb. 28th, at the Glen Smith law office. Members are requested to be present.

M. Brenner has moved the merchandise from the store building next to the Opera house to his residence. The store is being re-modeled and will soon be used for a retail store by the Hanson Baking company.

The teachers of the school received the visiting teachers of the County Institute Thursday night last after the program and served ice cream and cake. The members of the school board were also invited. It was a really enjoyable evening and the guests seemed to appreciate the courtesy extended by our teachers.

John Walstrom reports the catch of an 18 pound pike at Portage lake, Sunday. A number of other good catches have been made there this month, among them being a 17 pounder by Esbern Hanson and a 13 by Charles Fehr. This is the first time in many years that fishing thru the ice has been allowed in this body of water.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Amidon were agreeably surprised last Saturday evening, when about eighteen of their friends came to their home to remind the latter of her birthday anniversary. Cards were the order of entertainment for which prizes were given. At a late hour refreshments brot by the ladies were served, at which time Mrs. Amidon was presented with a beautiful desert spoon, in memory of the occasion.



Plenty of
Solvay Coke
Best Grade of
HARD AND SOFT COAL
always on hand.

PRICES REASONABLE
Phone 713
CITY COAL YARD
J. M. BUNYING, Prop.

Mrs. Geo. L. Alexander is spending a few days in Saginaw.

William McCullough is out again after several days illness.

George Biggs is around again after several weeks illness of grip.

40 H. P. Jackson automobile for sale cheap if taken at once. O. N. Michelson. 2-17-ff.

Wm. Woodfield is out again after an attack of la grippe that lasted for three weeks.

C. J. Hathaway says he is busy, but not too busy to repair that watch or article of jewelry.

T. E. Douglas, of Lovells, was in the city yesterday, enroute to the Wild Life show at Saginaw.

We have some extra fine post cards of the new school house. Have you seen them? Sorenson Bros.

Mrs. M. A. Bates is spending a few days in Detroit, a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Benjamin Jerome and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Marius Hanson are among those of Grayling who are attending the Wild Life show at Saginaw.

Miller Rose was making farewell calls upon his friends Saturday and left on the afternoon train for his home in Bay City.

Ed. Sorenson, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Glen Robinson and children of Michelson spent Sunday at the former's home here.

Newton McMahon left on the early train Monday morning for Winconsin, where he has accepted a position with a lumber company.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hanson went to Saginaw for a few days' visit with their daughter, Mrs. Margrethe Graham and husband.

P. G. Zalsman is in Saginaw with an exhibit from the Fish hatchery at the Wild Life show that is being held there the latter half of this week.

Mrs. Wm. Pobursky and Miss Margaret Duffy returned on Saturday last to their homes in Detroit after a ten day's visit at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Petersen.

Mr. Niederer says that he expects to have his crop of ice all in the ice house by early next week and it is the finest quality he has ever put up. It is 17 inches thick and clear as crystal, there being practically no snow ice.

St. Mary's Altar society will meet at the home of Mrs. S. N. Insley on Thursday, March 2nd. Mrs. Thos. Cassidy and Mrs. Insley will entertain. This will be the last meeting until after the Lenten season.

Mrs. Geo. Alexander was hostess to the Goodfellowship club and a few other friends Saturday. The ladies enjoyed bridge during the afternoon as well as the delicious lunch, which was served. Mrs. A. M. Lewis held the highest score.

The Wingard studio has installed a panoramic camera for out-door work. It takes a picture eight inches high by eight feet long. It works on a turret and is intended for out-of-doors viewing. Several pictures have already been taken with remarkable good effect.

Many surprise parties have been given of late. One of the most enjoyable was in honor of the birthday anniversary of Mrs. J. A. Holliday last Tuesday evening, when about twenty of her friends gathered at their home at 7:30 o'clock. The ten couples enjoyed cards during the evening, and about 11:00 o'clock a luncheon was served. Mrs. Holliday received a beautiful piece of fancy work as a birthday gift. All present had a most pleasant evening.

The Grayling school is fortunate in obtaining the services of L. C. Bungeard for instructor in the gymnasium. Mr. Bungeard is a trained instructor, teaching the wonderful Ling system of gymnastics which system, if followed out, is probably the best known for developing the physical body; it reaches every muscle and is in no way violent and the danger of injury is practically nil. For the past year he has had charge of instruction in the Danish gymnasium here.

Among those from out of town, who attended the annual Junior hop last Friday evening were: Miss Ryan of Saginaw, Dewey and Miss Maude Sodquist of Bay City, Miss Lilian Bates of Vanderbilt, Mrs. Wm. Pobursky, Miss Margaret Duffy and the Messrs Peter Peterson, Wm. Bendray, Wm. Dwyer, Wilford Cohen, T. E. Bro-nough, and Frank Aliskos all of Detroit, the Messrs Ray Culliton and Russell Jameson of Gaylord, Joseph Lally of West Branch and Arthur McIntyre of Quick, Mich.

The annual Odd Fellows ball and banquet will be held at the Temple theatre next week Wednesday night, March 1st. The committee on arrangements promise one of the best parties this lodge has ever given. Music will be furnished by Clark's orchestra. As usual, the banquet will be one of the big features of the party. Besides dancing there will be tables for card playing for those who prefer this social pastime. They intend that everybody who comes shall have a good time.

"Damaged Goods," a special film feature, drew a large attendance at the opera house Tuesday afternoon and evening. This photo play has had enormous runs in large cities and likewise the people here were willing to spend 50 cents for a seat. There were a large number present from Frederic, Lovells and Roscommon. The story portrayed is true to every day life, and should leave a lasting impression upon those who saw the pictures. As we have stated editorially in the Avalanche, we are not in sympathy with double standards of morality.

J. H. Dye, Ford agent at Roscommon, has been in the city for several days.

David Behrendt returned this morning to his home in Lansing after spending several days here, the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. Kraus and family.

The local weather report for last Sunday night gives the temperature 18 degrees below zero. This was the coldest night of the winter, up to this time.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Lempe of DuPont avenue, died Wednesday of last week and was buried in Elmwood cemetery Thursday afternoon.

Contractor Geo. Lathers says that the work of completing the new hotel will be finished within a few days. At present it is expected that the hostelry will be opened to the public about April 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Collier left Friday afternoon for Saginaw and Detroit, after several weeks visit with the latter's mother, Mrs. Albert Kraus. Mr. Collier expects to locate in the latter city.

Johannes Jorgenson came home from Bay City Monday morning to spend a couple of days visiting his parents and friends. He returned Wednesday to resume his work at the freight office in that city.

About twenty-five of the teachers, who were in Grayling to attend the Teachers' institute, also visited the big mill of the Salling, Hanson company and were shown the modern method of converting logs into lumber.

Paul Ford, who has been employed in the DuPont Company office, as time-keeper since it opened up, resigned his position and left for Detroit Saturday night to accept a position at the Ford Motor works. Jess Sales is filling his place in the office.

A masquerade dancing party will be given at the Danish Young People Society's gymnasium next Saturday evening, February 26th. The invitations state that dancing will be from 8:00 p. m. to 2:00 a. m. Admission 50 cents. Music by Clark's orchestra.

Senator J. Lee Morford, of Gaylord, was a caller in Grayling Saturday last and while here visited the Fish hatchery. Mr. Morford says that he will be a candidate again this year. At one time he was talked of for lieutenant governor but he finally concluded to withdraw his name and stick to the senatorship.

The Ladies of the Catholic church of Frederic, will give a home talent five-act drama entitled "Under the Laurels" at the Frederic Opera house (tomorrow) Friday night. The cast has been rehearsing for some time on the play and promise a first class entertainment. Also March 2, 3 and 4 the ladies will conduct a bazaar at the same place. The public are cordially invited to attend these features and are assured of a good time.

Members and invited guests of the L. N. L. were pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Collens, Thursday p. m., February 17th. A musical and patriotic program was given. Instrumental music was furnished by Misses Donna Newell, Isa Granger, Mildred Corwin, Mable Ketzbeck and Elsie Zalsman. Patriotic songs by Edith and Lucilda Collens. At the conclusion of the program, Mr. and Mrs. Collens served the company with popcorn and apples.

Among the pleasant features of the County Teacher's institute held at the school auditorium last week Thursday and Friday, were the song features presented by the school children, under direction of Miss Leone Lennon, teacher of music and penmanship in the city schools. Real music, such as was rendered here is always appreciated, no matter where it is, and such pretty little operettas as were given here are delightful indeed. Grayling has lots of good talent and it only needs such training, as has been given the school children by Miss Lennon, to bring it out. The pupils show a decided improvement since we have had music taught in the schools.

On Wednesday evening of last week, the girls of the Junior Aid society enjoyed a sleighride, with Mrs. J. H. Wingard as chaperone. After a couple of hours of this merriment, the young ladies were invited to the home of Miss Mable Ketzbeck, where that young lady had arranged a surprise for them in the form of a Valentine party. The home was pretty with it's decorations of hearts, all suggestive of Valentine day. Miss Mable had as entertainment, Valentine games and charades. In these, prizes were given Mrs. Wingard and Master Will, who was an invited guest, capturing same. After delicious refreshments, the members left for their homes, voting Miss Mable a royal hostess.

Last Saturday morning occurred the very sudden death of Mrs. Sarah Cassidy, mother of Thomas Cassidy of this city at the latter's home. The elderly lady started out at Christmas time from her home in Midland, to visit her children, who live in the different northern Michigan cities and had made the rounds and was on her way home, arriving here last Thursday from Cheboygan, to spend a few days before returning home. Saturday morning she had eaten a good breakfast and shortly after complained of a pain in her spine, and asked to be assisted to her room, but died before she reached there. The remains were taken to her home in Midland Saturday afternoon, Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy accompanying. The funeral was held in that city this morning. Mrs. Cassidy was 68 years old and was born in Ontario, Canada. She was the mother of eleven children, seven of whom are living.

New Spring Goods

Our Dress Goods department is crowded with New Spring Materials

Taffetas Crepe de Chines Wool Serges
Gabardines Silk Poblins
Ottomans and Batistes

In fact the largest selection we have ever shown

And our Wash Goods section will surprise you.
The prettiest and daintiest line of

Flowered Marquisettes Voiles Batistes
and Lace Cloths

are here, and a great showing of Gingham and Percales
in very pretty patterns

Special value in Moire Wash Ribbon in Nos. 40, 60, 80 at 10c.
Just the thing for your girls' school ribbons.

EXTRA! 24 pairs Men's Black Elk Skin Shoes, a regular \$2.25 value, at **\$1.98**

Men! The New Spring Hats are here. Spring Caps, new shapes, wonderful assortment at 50c to \$2.00

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

Among those who are attending the Wild Life show at Saginaw are Geo. Burke of Frederic, John Larson, Peter F. Jorgenson, J. C. Foreman and John Benson of this city.

The ladies of the Grayling Social club entertained the gentlemen with a "pot luck" dinner at six o'clock last night. Most of the crowd remained and enjoyed dancing, cards and visiting during the evening.

The young ladies and gentlemen, who board at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Leece, they being the teachers of the schools and office employees gave a splendid five course dinner at the Royal Cafe at one o'clock last Sunday in honor of that genial couple.

Floyd McClain, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose McClain, of this city, is seriously ill with typhoid-pneumonia in Detroit. Mrs. McClain went there Monday and Mr. McClain will leave this afternoon. Floyd's friends in Grayling will await anxiously hopeful news of improvement.

Watch for Sorenson Bros.' big furniture sale, that will begin next Monday. Large bills containing a list of the many bargains offered will be in circulation Saturday. If you do not get one, call at the store for one. Out-of-town people will be mailed one of these lists upon request. Also watch for their full page advertisement in this paper next week.

Monday evening, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hanson entertained the members of the Goodfellowship club and their husbands at a six o'clock dinner at T-town. Sleighs were provided and the jolly party enjoyed the ride to and from T-town as well as the sumptuous dinner that awaited their arrival. The tables were decorated with red and white sweet peas and tiny American flags to remind the guests that George's birthday was on the following day. On returning the company was invited to spend the evening with Dr. and Mrs. Insley. "500" served as a past time, Mrs. Chas. Canfield and Mr. Marius Hanson having the highest scores. About ten-thirty o'clock Mrs. Insley served a fine lunch, which tempted the appetites of every one present. For some years the club have enjoyed these dinners with Mr. and Mrs. Hanson and they are looked forward to with a great deal of pleasure.

F. S. HAYNE
Piano Tuning

Also solicitor for the following high grade pianos:

Bush & Lane
Ivers & Pond
Kurtzman and Kimball
COOK BROS., Agents,
Gaylord, Mich.

Leave orders at C. J. Hathaway's jewelry store—Phone 1273
1-27-2

We Are STRONG on Our Brands of Coffee

Experience in careful buying and with an idea to sell just the kinds people want, has made this store stand high in COFFEE FAVOR.

Here is one that is modest in price and probably the best brand sold for the money—

McLAUGHLIN'S XXXX

We are offering this at a special price of 20c per pound.

DeWAELE & SON
GROCERS

The Home of Good Things to Eat

NOTICE

THE BIG FURNITURE SALE

starts next Monday and lasts ten days only. Read the hand bills and our next week's advertisement in the Crawford Avalanche.

Sorenson Bros.

The Home of Dependable Furniture

The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper

Our advertisements bring results

MOTHER! LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE

If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation, poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftentimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

On the Watch.
There is a species of snooty groups employed near the trenches. They are called "listening patrols" and their duties are to be always on the alert and give timely warning of any attempted attack. One night an officer on his rounds inspecting a listening patrol stationed on an empty farm asked: "Who are you?"

The reply was: "Listenin' patrol, sir."
"What are your duties?"
"We listen for the hen cacklin', and then we pluck the egg, sir."

TAKE A GLASS OF SALTS WHEN BLADDER BOTHERS

Harmless to Flush Kidneys and Neutralize Irritating Acids—Splendid for the System.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from uric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread, the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; again, there is difficulty in voiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.—Adv.

Had the Evidence.
In attempting to carve a fowl one day an American settler found considerable difficulty in separating its joints, and exclaimed against the man who had sold him an old hen for a young chicken.

"My dear," said the enraged man's wife, "don't talk so much about the aged and respectable Mr. B.; he sowed the first patch of corn that was planted in our town."

"I know that," said the husband. "and I believe this hen scratched it up."

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.
No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

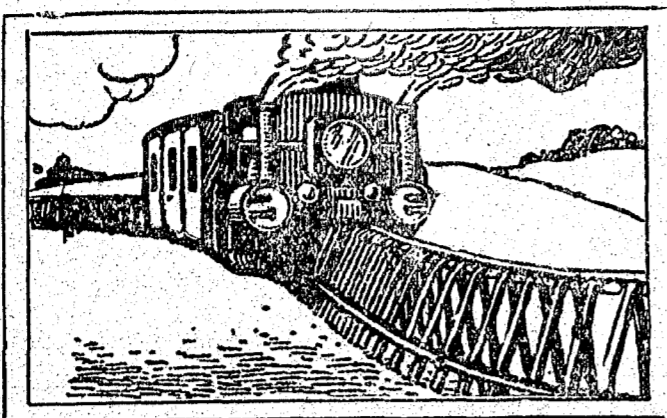
Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.
A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

Seaweed is made into a composition to take the place of bone for handles of cutlery.

Use Mustard After Exposure to Cold, Cutting Winds and Dust. It Restores, Refreshes and Moistens Eye Health. Good for all Eyes that Need Care. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, Sends Eye Book on Request.

It is easier to thwart a villain on the stage than in real life.

PECULIAR IRISH "MONO-RAIL"



VARIOUS QUAINT LINES

FRENCH RAILROADS BUILT TO OVERCOME OBSTACLES.

Ireland Has One of the Most Remarkable Rail Routes—"Rack" System Has Been Found a Necessity in Switzerland.

Of the various quaint railroads in the world one is not so very far away, although you have perhaps never heard of it, much less traveled along its eccentric line, remarks London Answers.

This is the Lartigue railroad, at Ballyunion, in Ireland, some idea of which you can glean from the picture. This strange train, you will observe, is in duplicate, the engine and carriages being double, while the line consists of a central rail, which passes down the center of the train. To add to the humor of the thing, passengers are sometimes requested to change their seats from one side of the train to the other, so that a proper balance may be maintained.

Other out-of-the-way railroads are sometimes used in order to negotiate any very steep ascents or descents where the ordinary train would come to grief. In this connection we find what are known as "rack" railroads, more than one of which is used in Switzerland.

The rack railroad, instead of having ordinary smooth lines only, has a rack-rail in the center of the track, this rail being cut into a series of teeth, which jut out rather like the teeth of a saw held upside down. Under the engine of the train itself there is fixed a cogwheel, which grips the teeth of the rack-rail, and so prevents the train from slipping back along the ordinary rails that lie on either side of the rack-rail.

Cars fitted thus are able to ascend and descend mountains on which an ordinary train would quickly meet with disaster.

Another form of mountain railroad is that run by means of cables. The cable principle is roughly this: The cables wind round drums at the top and bottom of the slope. Then, as one train descends the other climbs up the hill, the process being reversed for the return journey.

A sensational train, which we may yet see in everyday work, is the Hunan monorail, demonstrations of which were given by its inventor a few years ago. The peculiarities of this train are that it has only one rail, being balanced by means of a couple of gyroscopes.

There is also a moving-platform railroad, which has been actually used in New York, and which somewhat resembles the moving staircases now in use in parts of London. In this case the first platform is stationary, but beside it there is another platform which moves forward at the rate of three miles an hour. Next to this comes a third platform, moving at six miles per hour, while the fourth and last moves at nine miles per hour.

The idea is, of course, that passengers shall step from platform to platform, according to the pace at which they wish to travel; it being in their power always to return to the stationary platform when they so desire. In leaving one platform for another, moreover, they are never changing their rate of progress by more than three miles. On each platform, also, there are a number of posts and handrails to which passengers can cling, if nervous. Believers in this method of rapid prophesy a great future for the invention; but whether their beliefs are justified or not remains to be seen.

Revenue From Railroad Junk Heap.
A leading eastern railroad prides itself on the fact that it does not throw away a single article that has any value to man or beast. Everything that has been relegated to the scrap heap is afterwards sold if there is a market for it. In 1914 the scrap metal sold brought in to the company's treasury \$2,157,241.24, which sum was \$1,000,000 less than in 1913. Waste paper alone sold for \$19,211, oil barrels for \$22,439, and old rubber for \$15,222. Locomotives and wooden passenger cars sold for \$114,326. Old wheels, metals and wrought iron yielded more than \$789,000. Other odds and ends brought in \$121,997.—Scientific American.

From Experience.
She (a widow)—What are the first illusions of the honeymoon to vanish?
He (a widower)—His idea that he can buy her everything she wants, and her idea that she won't want anything that he can't buy her.

His First Banquet.
City Nephew—But, Uncle John, you left the banquet table too early. You should have waited for the bon mots and the repartee.

Uncle John—Oh, don't worry; I was satisfied. You see, I don't drink nor smoke.

Character Needs It.
"I know a boss politician who wants to get a good kind of writer to defend his character."

"Why doesn't he get a scrub writer?"

NOT DEPENDENT ON THE RAIL

Locomotives and Freight Cars That Can Run on Road is a Recent Austrian Invention.

Locomotives and freight cars that run equally well with or without rails are the latest inventions of Austrians in their war on Russia. The wheels are of the broad rim type that will run well on rough roads or through mud. They are fitted with a centrally located flange that fits over the tracks when the strange train is running on rails.

When the train arrives at the end of the railroad line it can still be continued toward the front, unless the roads are in absolutely impassable condition. Over good, solid roads the train runs almost as fast as over rails. The locomotive is a benzine eater, generating its propelling power by the use of benzine. The hybrid-wheeled freight train has been used effectively by the Austrians, especially in the Carso district. It is expected that the type will soon become familiar on all fronts, as the usefulness of the invention has been well demonstrated. This Austrian contrivance is one striking instance of Teutonic resourcefulness not attributed to the Germans and is in marked contrast with the bomb throwers, iron helmets, spring rockets and other adaptations of ancient warfare which have lately marked the trench-deadlocked conflict on the western front.—Exchange.

Courtesy Is Catching.

Two great railroad corporations have placed posters about their premises emphasizing the desire to please their patrons. One invites the suggestions, co-operation and friendship of the public in its efforts to remove causes for complaint or criticism. The other enjoins upon its employees to be courteous at all times, that courtesy is catching, is a business asset, a gain and never a loss.

Such evidences of railroad anxiety to be on good terms with the public on a frank basis of mutual confidence and co-operation will undoubtedly strike a responsive chord in popular sentiment. There are many little details that affect the public irritatingly, but which may never have occurred to railroad management. One of these might be removed by referring persons intending to travel at a later date to the information windows at large stations, where they might be routed and instructed without interfering with the ordinary traveler who, as often as not, reaches the station just in time to buy his ticket before the train pulls out.

Germany's Oldest Railroad.

The oldest railroad in Germany is one of the shortest railway lines in the world. The Ludwig railroad, connecting the cities of Puth and Nuremberg, is just three and three-quarter miles long, and has never been extended. It was conceived by Johannes Scharrer, a wealthy hop merchant. The plan was first published in 1832, and as King Ludwig favored its construction it was named after him. There are about ninety employees. The road carries about 4,000,000 passengers a year.

Burn Cars to Recover Scrap Iron.

To recover the iron in discarded wooden cars, an eastern railroad burns them. Before setting the cars on fire, however, they are carefully inspected and all sills and other woodwork parts fit for further use are removed. The value of what remains is said to be so little that it does not justify the expense of tearing it down, and accordingly it is cheaper to burn the wood, leaving the iron, which is sold as scrap.—Scientific American.

Let It Go at That.

Hubby—Why is the telephone like matrimony, my dear?
Wife—Oh, I suppose it's because one doesn't always get the party one goes to.

Bad Management.

Soubrette (in "continuous")—When do you go on?
Comedian—Right after the trained donkeys.

Soubrette—Heavens! It's a wonder the stage manager doesn't try to break the monotony more than he does.

Powerful Electric Locomotives.

Electric locomotives have been built for a German railroad having heavy grades that draw loads of 230 tons at a speed of 42 miles an hour.

Pair of Breaks.

Winks—Miss Uppish is nothing if not consistent.

Dinks—What's the explanation?

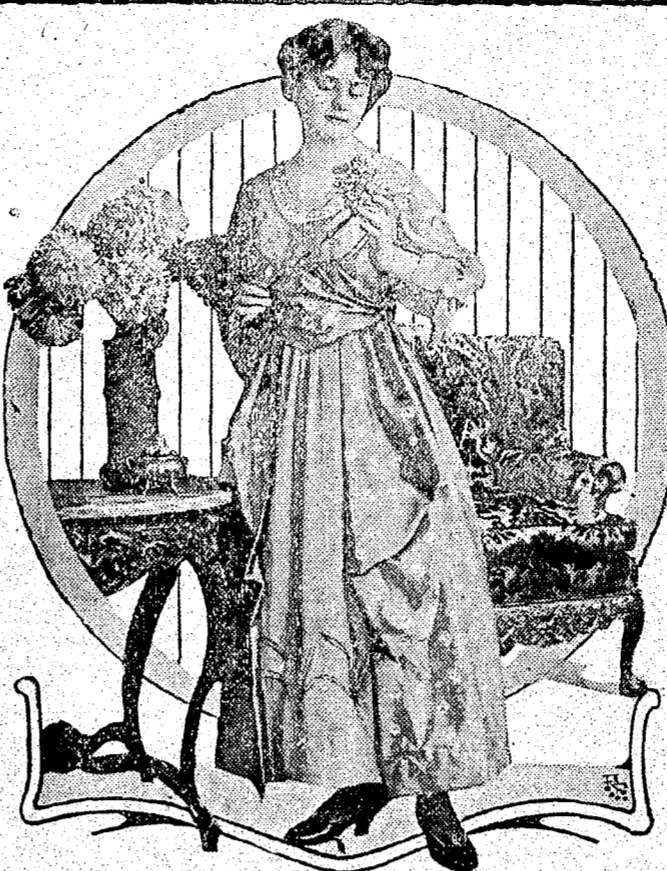
Winks—I was engaged to her for a time, but when she discovered I was broke she immediately broke the engagement.

Cautious.

"It is true, as he brags, that Bill Jones could have married Miss Jiggers."

"Well, I know he had the refusal of her hand."

Coquettish Modes Reappearing



The panther drapery and the pointed bodice, from the coquettish modes of long ago, are plainly embodied in the fascinating frock shown here. But it follows its pretty and frivolous forerunner at a considerable and safe distance and has adapted instead of adopting the original that it compliments so adroitly. The twentieth-century maid consents to the frivolity of the seventeenth century gown but stops at its foolishness. She has follied of her own to deal with.

The gown pictured has a full underskirt of georgette crepe on which a little outline embroidery in gold appears at the front, and an underbodice and three-quarter length sleeves of the crepe. The overskirt, of flowered taffeta, is cut longer than the underskirt and caught up at two places at each side. Wherever required it is tucked to the underskirt and it hangs straight and full at the back, covering the crepe skirt completely.

The crepe underbodice is almost square at the neck and finished with a narrow silk lace with gold threads outlining the lower pattern. The silk bodice, instead of being stiffly boned and smooth, is softly draped about the figure, thus departing from the ways of its prototype. Instead of a long, rigid point at the front it has a short point and easy adjustment to the figure. It is gathered over a cord at the top and narrows to bands over the shoulders. It is graceful and comfortable looking which proves that we have learned something in the lapse of over two hundred years—perhaps.

Worth and Premet and other great names in the world of fashion, sanction the revival of the panther and the pointed bodice. Each adapts the mode to his own ideas. It is safe to predict that they will accomplish nothing prettier than the model shown here, which may be made up in any of the season's good colors.

Seaweed is made into a composition to take the place of bone for handles of cutlery.

Made of Familiar Materials



The art of the milliner means more than the material she works with, or quite as much, anyway, in producing hats in which style is the strongest element. Here are two attractive and inexpensive hats, made of familiar fabrics, that demonstrate how cleverly ideas may be interpreted in materials that every milliner has at hand. These hats are suited to any season, too, which is a great factor in their favor.

The pretty model, with spangled crown and brim of ruffled malines may be made in black or in any of the colors in which spangled bands are to be found, with malines to match. A crown of nacre or opalescent spangles used with cream-colored malines would make a beautiful and very dressy hat. The ruffle of malines is made of four thicknesses, wired for support and put on in box plaits. A half wreath of foliage and hat silk roses is applied at the right side and back, over the malines. This is one of those hats that are simple enough in construction to be made by the home milliner. She will succeed by making a faithful copy of it.

The turban of satin presents also no great difficulties to the ambitious needlewoman. The frame is in two pieces, which are covered separately. The covering of the crown is plain, except for a fold in the satin which

extends diagonally across the top. The side crown is covered with a bias strip stretched smoothly about it. The lower part of the coronet is also covered with a plain bias strip of satin. At the top a puff of satin, or of faille or moire ribbon, gives the required variety and finish. A fine wire is inserted in the lower edge of the puff where it joins the satin. This is not to be neglected if the hat is copied; it is the touch that betrays the work of the professional.

A narrow novelty band and flat cabochon of beads, in the same color as the hat, give it a dash of brilliance and color contrast is managed by application of sprays of silk foliage and a rose at each side. These sprays are bought readymade.

About the most difficult part of the work, for the amateur, confronts her after the hat is made and trimmed. It remains to be lined. Chiffon, taffeta, or other light-weight silk, is to be used for this purpose, and the work may be simplified by pasting in the lining with millinery glue. If it is sewed in, silk thread matching the hat in color, and a fine needle, make the task of concealing stitches less tedious.

The Norfolk Coat.
The Norfolk coat is always a satisfactory one. A new model shows military pockets that are new and distinctive. It is admirable for all seasons and for a variety of different materials. Blue gabardine, white gabardine and white serge are especially smart made up into Norfolk coats.

Satin Tailored Suits.
In the tearooms of the smart city hotels tailored suits of a heavy weight of satin are frequently seen. The

coats are usually in empire effect, with flaring hem and trimmed with fur. The skirts are generally of moderate width, never in the exaggerated fullness. The dull, soft tones prevail.

Plaited Skirts.
Plaited skirts are not alone fashionable, they are very generally becoming. One is so arranged as to give the effect of a plain panel at the front and one at the back, also it is cut off at about the hip and finished with a peplum prettily shaped yoke.

His Own

By REV. B. B. SUTCLIFFE
Assistant Superintendent of Men, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago

TEXT—Having loved his own, which were in the world he loved them unto the end.—John 13:1.

With peculiar emphasis this text describes all Christians as "his own."

Believers are the peculiar property of the Lord Jesus Christ in at least three ways. They become his by gift from the Father. In speaking of them Christ describes them as those "whom thou hast given me." They are also his peculiar property by his own purchase, for he bought them with his precious blood on the cross of Calvary. They belong to him in the third place by their own surrender to him. These things are full of assurance and of blessing to the believer. The Father will never take back the gift he has made to the Son, the Son will never give up that which he has purchased at such awful cost, and that which is surrendered, he will never allow to be wrested from him. Christians are his own peculiar property to have and to hold and to love unto the end; or, as the Revised Version has it, "to the uttermost."

As a child becomes the peculiar care of a home so the believer becomes the peculiar care of the Lord. All other cares take a secondary place. It is his care to guard his property. It sometimes seems as though the Lord dealt with his own in a hard way. This is because the Christian, like the child, does not understand the "why" of many things. Many of the seemingly hard things that come to the Christian may be but the guarding of the Lord's property from dangers unseen but to his eye. Again, it is the peculiar care of the Lord to guide his own people. He knows what lies along each pathway and when he seems to close a path which looks attractive to one of his own, that one can rest assured it is because he sees danger there or else he sees more blessing along some other road. The unknown and untold of the Lord's choosing are the ones where richest blessings lie, and happy the Christian who allows him to guide the footsteps. Once more it is his own peculiar care to provide for his own. Many are the ways he has for providing for them. Sometimes by natural, sometimes by unnatural ways, as in the case of Elijah at the brook. The ravens were called to bring meat to the prophet, and they were sent to feed Elijah just where the Lord told him to. Had he been elsewhere he might have missed what the Lord had for him. So the Christian often misses much that the Lord has for him by being out of the Lord's place. See to it that you are in God's place for you and he will see to it, though he must work a miracle, that every need of yours will be supplied.

His Own Peculiar Love.

The peculiar love of the Lord for his own covers all their shortcomings and their peculiarities. The Lord graciously warned Simon Peter of his coming time of denial, but Peter boastfully said he would lay down his life before he would leave him even. When, therefore, Peter so miserably failed it might seem that the Lord's love would grow a bit cool. But in spite of the failure there was no lessening of love, there was no cooling of the affection. It was his love that was in the look that brought Peter to his repentance. Let no Christian who may have failed his Lord think that the love of Christ has cooled or been diminished. He loves with an everlasting love that many waters cannot quench. Return unto him and it will be found that having loved his own he loves them unto the end in spite of any failures. Again some are kept away from him because they seem to be so backward in learning of him. But he loves in spite of the backwardness of his disciples. Think of Philip after three years of companionship not being able to discern who he was, but had to be told, in answer to his inquiry for the Father, "the one that hath seen me hath seen the Father." He knows so well the make-up of the believer that no downward understanding can surprise him, much less make his love grow cold.

He loves his own with a peculiar love that nothing can cool or turn aside from its object.

His own peculiar property, which is his own peculiar care, is the object of his own peculiar love.

Even the unbeliever of his own is not sufficient to cool the warmth or lessen the depth of his love.

Poor Thomas, the doubting one, was never loved any more truly or more deeply than in the midst of his refusal to believe in the resurrection until he had thrust his hand into the wound prints.

There is nothing that can bring to an end the love of the Lord for his own, for having loved his own he loves them unto the end; or, as the Revised Version puts it, "He loves them to the uttermost."

We toil for frivolous riches, as if we labored for eternal possessions; we labor for eternal possessions, as if we toiled for frivolous riches.—Massillon.

Reputation is what men and women think of us; character is what God and angels know of us.—Paine.

A generous man places the benefits he confers beneath his feet; those he receives, nearest his heart.

Ambition is but the evil shadow of aspiration.—G. Macdonald.

Money "Stiffed" Her.

In the Woman's Home Companion was the story of a very wealthy man who was so busy making money for his daughter that he became a stranger to her. A crash came and he lost his fortune, only to find that his daughter was delighted at the calamity. "What do I care about the old money?" she said. "I've been stiffed with money—I don't know this minute whether I've a true friend in the world, because I've had so much money that those who loved me were afraid to show it for fear of being sycophants, and those who pretended to love me did it only because I could give them a good time with the money you've poured out to me. Men who pay me attention—I'm always afraid it's because of the money. It's poisoned my whole girlhood. Weren't I happier when we lived in the little old home, with just nurse and cook, and I was the panther under the hall table when you came home? I'm glad, glad the money's gone. Now you're going to have time for me again, now I'm going to have my father back—not just telegrams and checks."

Camphor Production.

Florida is the only state of the Union in which camphor trees are grown, and there they are used only for decorative purposes. Experiments in the production of camphor in this country have not succeeded in establishing any American industry. Most of our camphor comes from Japan. The camphor tree, or more properly, the camphor laurel (cinnamomum camphora), also flourishes in Formosa and central China. There are also artificial processes for the production of camphor. Camphor is distilled by the action of steam on the chipped wood of the camphor tree, the product being freed from volatile oils by draining and pressing and the crystalline mass remaining behind is purified by sublimation. There are other kinds of camphor, produced from other plants, but the camphor of the camphor laurel constitutes the bulk of the camphor of commerce.

Naming the Aegean Sea.

The Aegean sea is remarkable among the seas of the world for the obscurity in which the origin of its name is involved. Even the ancients could not give a certain answer on the point. A popular view was that it was named after Aegeus, the father of Theseus, who threw himself into it when his son forgot to hoist the white sail upon his return from Crete as a signal that he had slain the Minotaur. But others derived the name from Aegea, a queen of the Amazons, who also perished in this sea; others from the town of Aegea in Buboe (Negropont); and a fourth theory traced it to the word "aiges," goats which the islands of the Archipelago were fancifully thought to resemble.

World's Debt to France.

While it is impossible to overestimate the debt that the world owes to France for the suffering and sorrow she has borne in behalf of the cause of human liberty, her other contributions to civilization have not been less notable. The world, indeed, owes much to its literary tenets and tendencies of the twentieth century to France. The roll of French writers is a long one, and their contributions to literature are very rich. Moreover, it was her Pasteur who established the germ theory of disease, and through whom the wonderful miracles of saving human life that have characterized the past third of a century have been wrought.

Correct Child in Private.

Instead of perpetually nagging at the boys and girls, learn to "put it in writing." If it is very personal, it is often well to put a real wax seal on the envelope, or otherwise secure it from the public, to show that the matter is strictly private, belonging only to your two loving selves, advises a writer in Mother's Magazine. There is no surer way of establishing confidence. No one can doubt that the kind little word of advice or suggestion will have more effect than if couched in a hasty or petulant phrase of faultfinding, with "Do" or "Don't" for a beginning.

Back Fire at the Instructor.

The English assignment was, "Write a short theme, using ten words which you have never used before." This is what a freshman accomplished: "One of the idiosyncrasies of this typographical expedition is that the usually elusive teamster is compelled to mollify and transmogrify into useful forms by behemothian, in fact, almost sycophantic, the rife ostrus of his quadrupeds." The instructor is now taking a course in etymology.—Harvard

New Steamship Line Projected.

The congress of Ecuador has granted a concession for a steamship line between Guayaquil, Ecuador, and Philadelphia. The vessels of the company are to navigate under the Ecuadorian flag and at least one-half of the employees are to be natives of Ecuador. It is stipulated that the steamships must begin running within one and one-half years after the signing of the contract.

TO STOP TERRIBLE RHEUMATIC PAINS

Get a box of true Mustardine in the original yellow box for about 25 cents at druggists. Rub it on the inflamed joints or muscles, and that almost unbearable agony will go at once.

No rheumatic sufferer can afford to be without true Mustardine, for it never fails to give blessed relief. Use it for aches or pains anywhere, and for sore throat, bronchitis and pleurisy. There's relief in every rub. It stops pain and congestion. True Mustardine is made by Begy Medicine Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Heard in a Boarding House.

The Sugar—I have ago and rank.
The Coffee—I have plenty of nand.
The Coffee—I admit my weakness.

To Prevent The Grip
Grip can be prevented by using Quinine. B. W. GROVES' signature on box.

Treading on other people's toes will never get you very far.

KEEP YOUNG

As well be young at 70 as old at 50.

Many elderly people suffer lame, bent, aching backs, and distressing urinary disorders, when a little help for the kidneys would fix it all up. Don't wait for gravel, or Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands, young and old, and are recommended by thousands.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Alfred Ratelle, 707 S. Emily St., Lansing, Mich., says: "I was laid up in bed with pains through the small of my back and rheumatic twinges in my limbs. My right leg was useless. I tried doctors' medicine and several other remedies, but without benefit. Finally I took Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me a complete and lasting cure."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A Beauty Secret

To have clear skin, bright eyes and a healthy appearance, your digestion must be good—your bowels and liver kept active and regular. Assist nature—take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Children Who Are Sickly

When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish, or has eruptions of worms, you feel worried. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

for use throughout the season. They tend to break up colds, relieve feverishness, constipation, and all the ailments of childhood. They regulate the bowels, and destroy worms. These powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver and give healthy sleep. Don't accept of any substitute. Trade Mark. Don't accept of any substitute. Used by mothers for 25 years. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Four Dollars a Month

buys a paper that contains the best elements of an Insurance Policy. Earn and Savings Bank. You are guaranteed four per cent on your money. Can borrow \$500 on each contract, at five per cent, with ten years to run. No interest on the loan, and constitutes insurance, before and after death. Send for our booklet, "Co-operative Home Financing." E. J. HARGREAVES, 1000 N. 10th St., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Historical Records Lost.

There are two great nations of antiquity whose inscriptions cannot yet be read—the Etruscans and the Hittites. The Etruscans occupied a part of Italy corresponding roughly to what is now known as Tuscany. The Hittites at one time occupied a part of Palestine, and united with the Canaanites to resist the invasion by the Israelites under Joshua. The Etruscan and Hittite inscriptions have thus far resisted the attempts of scholars to decipher them, though no one knows when someone may stumble on a bilingual inscription which will serve as a key, just as the Rosetta stone, discovered in Egypt in 1799, served as a key to the Egyptian hieroglyphics. In the new world, the so-called Maya inscriptions, found on the ruins in Yucatan, are also a puzzle to scientists.—Christian Herald.

Affected by "War Business."

The population of Bridgeport, Conn., is estimated to have increased during the present year by about 35,000—growing from 115,000 to 150,000. Twenty thousand persons are said to be employed in Bridgeport by one concern, in three shifts of eight hours each. This phenomenal activity is the result of "war business."

Information.

"Who is the heaviest depositor at your bank?"
"Jobson. He weighs over 300 pounds."

Greatest Results

often come from simplest means.

For instance—one's daily food plays a big part in deciding for success or failure.

To bring out the best mental and physical forces, sound nourishment is imperative.

Grape-Nuts

—A FOOD

made of whole wheat and malted barley, supplies in splendid proportion all the rich nourishment of the grains, including the valuable mineral elements, lacking in many foods, but most necessary for vigor and activity of brain and body.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Sold by Grocers.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

THE "WETS" MOVING TO MEET THE STATE WIDE PLANS OF THE ANTI-SALOONISTS.

PERE MARQUETTE POVERTY

Mr. Ferrie View of Mr. Bryan—The State's Printing Cost a Large Sum—The Tax Money Is Slow.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—Officials of the Michigan Anti-Saloon league were not surprised when it was learned that the liquor interests are planning a counter attack in the state wide prohibition campaign in the form of another constitutional amendment to change the local option unit from the county to the township and city. For some time those who have charge of the prohibition campaign had expected a move of this sort and the "wets" showed their hand when Secretary of State Vaughan was asked to approve the form of a position for the purpose of initiating an amendment to the constitution for a smaller local option unit. This method of attack was employed by the liquor interests of Ohio a few years ago with great success. In that campaign the liquor men not only defeated the prohibition amendment, but by eliminating the vital provisions of the local option law, reclaimed as "wet" territory many counties where the saloons had been banished by local home rule law.

At the present time more than half the counties of the state have been made "dry" by adopting the local option law. However, in most cases it has been the vote in the rural districts of these counties that has resulted in victory for the temperance forces. Should the liquor men succeed in defeating state wide prohibition at the election next November and are successful in putting through their proposed amendment to reduce the local option unit, thousands of saloons would spring up in cities and villages where the sale of liquor has been outlawed as a result of the heavy "dry" majorities rolled up in the rural sections of these counties.

The reason for this bit of strategy on the part of the liquor men of the state is obvious. Unless some inducement can be offered to the "wets" in the dry counties, the liquor interests of the state at large could hardly hope to enlist them in the campaign. However, they have sounded, or they are preparing to sound the call to arms. Now there is a community of interest between the ex-saloonist in the "dry" county and the prosperous booze merchant in the metropolis.

Pleading Poverty.

Seward L. Merriam, general counsel for the Pere Marquette railroad, appeared before the state tax commission last week and entered a vigorous protest against the action of the commission whereby the assessed valuation of the Pere Marquette was increased from \$25,350,000 to \$26,000,000. "The state needs this additional money, not in taxes, but in the road itself," said Merriam. "The Pere Marquette needs as every one knows who is at all acquainted with its condition, at least \$1,000,000 each year for many years to come, to be expended for improvements and additions, in order to bring its facilities up to the standard where the public and its officials will be satisfied with the service. The manner of bringing about this result depends almost entirely upon the state, its treatment of the road as to taxes and as to transportation rates. I say this because even the small balance left, which should go to the bondholders as it belongs to them, will for several years to come go back into the road, if the state offers a fair inducement for its investment. Finally the commission should not lose sight of the fact that every available dollar earned has, since February 1, 1914, been used for the benefit of the public and not one dollar since that date has gone to the bondholders, stockholders or debenture holders.

"No possible gain in efficiency or economy can overcome the fact that under present transportation rates the majority of roads in central freight association territory, including the Pere Marquette, have made or can make no sustained or continued progress on the basis of the existing cash investment therein. This is equivalent to stating that the Pere Marquette or roads similarly situated cannot operate under existing conditions for any length of time without a continuing process of repudiation of their debts through recurring receiverships. If this is true then it must follow that under the best of management and un-

The Health Report.

Pneumonia caused 532 deaths out of a total of 4,463 deaths recorded in Michigan during January, according to the mortality report issued by Secretary of State Vaughan. Influenza caused 425 deaths, cancer 22, tuberculosis in its various forms 233, and 134 deaths were attributed to violence. By ages, there were 641 deaths of infants under one year of age, 184 deaths among children from one to four years and 1,682 deaths of persons aged 65 years and over. Luce county

reported a mortality rate of 51.5 per 1,000 estimated population, which is the highest of any county in the state, but the birth rate in Luce county last month was 40.4, which is a state record. Baraga county, also in the upper peninsula, reported a death rate of 17 per 1,000 population, which is the lowest of any county in the state. During the month of January, 6,418 births were reported to the state department. This corresponds to an annual birth rate of 25.4 per 1,000 estimated population.

der present rates, the value of the Pere Marquette for assessment purposes has practically remained stationary for several years past."

Ferrie and Bryan.

Governor Ferrie, who has been an enthusiastic supporter of equal suffrage for women, is not in favor of a plank in the national democratic platform pledging the support of the administration in favor of the suffrage cause. When asked for his reason for wishing to eliminate the suffrage plank from the democratic platform, the governor said there was no reason why planks should be placed in a platform to which no attention would be paid at the election.

"Do you refer to the one term plank placed in the democratic platform four years ago?" the governor was asked.

"Every one knows who was responsible for that plank and why it was inserted," replied the governor. The mention of William Jennings Bryan caused the governor to denounce the erstwhile secretary of state in President Wilson's cabinet in about the same terms as Bryan's name has been mentioned by other democrats in the state house during the last week.

Petitions to place Bryan's name on the Michigan primary ballot in opposition to President Wilson are being circulated in certain sections of the state and word has reached Lansing that the petitions will be filed some time before the first of March.

Printing For the State.

All of the state printing during the next two years will be done by Wynkoop Hallenbeck Crawford company of Lansing, while all of the binding will be done by Bludeau, Siebert & Gates of this city, with the exception of the work of the Michigan manuals and the job work for the state library, which was given to the Robert Smith Printing company of Lansing. The contracts were awarded by the board of state auditors. During the past two years the state has paid bills for printing amounting to \$179,731.17, while the bills for binding totalled \$58,139.32. The printing and binding bills for the next two years will be considerably larger by the publication of the compiled laws which will cost approximately \$100,000.

Each year, according to the reports of the state auditors, the printing bills have been increasing. In 1905 and 1906 the total amount paid for printing was \$79,305.55, while the binding bills for the same period amounted to \$44, 129.82. In 1910 and 1911 the printers received \$116,585, and the binding bills for those years amounted to \$52,159.17. One reason for the big increase in the printing bills is the fact that practically every state department issues monthly or weekly bulletins of some sort in addition to the regular annual reports. Some times these bulletins contain useful information and some times they contain poetry by department heads.

After Back Taxes.

Auditor-General Fuller has received a letter from the United States district attorney for western Michigan, asking the state to relinquish its claim for back taxes on certain property in the city of Grand Haven which was condemned by the United States government for harbor and river improvement in 1913. When the property was acquired by the government for \$12,000 following condemnation proceedings, the state taxes had been unpaid for five years, the holders having acquired the land by obtaining the tax title. Auditor-General Fuller says the state will not release the government from payment of the taxes due prior to 1914.

It is the contention of the attorney-general that the present salary of a judge of probate is not affected by the new judiciary act, and he claims probate registers appointed under the general law cannot take additional compensation prescribed by the judiciary act, during their present terms of office.

State Tax Receipts.

Although the law requires county treasurers to pay a portion of the state tax January 15 and to remit every thirty days thereafter, twelve county treasurers have failed to make a single payment, according to State Treasurer Haarer. The counties from which no state tax has been received this year are Barry, Genesee, Gladwin, Grand Traverse, Huron, Jackson, Menominee, Midland, Montmorency, Newaygo, Ogemaw and Oscoda. The total amount due from these counties is approximately \$750,000. State Treasurer Haarer says approximately \$5,000,000 in state taxes is still outstanding and he is writing letters to the various county treasurers urging them to make prompt payment.

Becoming Careful.

Apparently the state railroad commission is determined to play safe and authorize no more bond issues for public utilities companies until the commission is convinced the property is worth the amount of the bonds. This was demonstrated when the South Haven Gas company petitioned the commission several days ago for permission to issue bonds to the amount of \$120,000. Before authorizing the issue the commission had Prof. Cooley of the engineering department of the University of Michigan make an appraisal and Prof. Cooley's report places a valuation of \$127,879 on the plant. As a result of the Cooley appraisal the commission has authorized the issue.

The Health Report.

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SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

SWEDEN.

Notice of an interpellation on the subject of peace has been given by Deputies Lindhagen and Strom, socialist members of the Swedish rigsdag, says an exchange telegraph dispatch from Charlottenlund, Denmark. The inquiry is whether through the initiative of Sweden or another Scandinavian country there can be arranged a peace conference of neutral states with a view to preparing the way for universal peace. It is said the interpellation is to be presented at the request of members of the Ford peace party.

Gen. Axel Rappe handed in his resignation after serving the state for 57 years. He was born in 1833. In the Franco-German war of 1870 he distinguished himself by bravery to such an extent that he received the decoration of the legion of honor. In 1892 he was made minister of war, and succeeded in enforcing valuable reforms in the army. Since 1905 he belonged to the reserve of the general staff.

The managers of the public domain were requested by the Swedish society for the conservation of the natural resources of the country to take steps to prevent the extermination of the lynx in Sweden. The answer is favorable to a certain extent, but nothing will be done just at the present time. A committee of experts is making investigations with a view of revising the game laws.

The British government was asked by a member of the house of commons whether it had observed that the effect of the prohibition of the exportation of British coal to Scandinavia under certain circumstances was, that Germany got a chance to export coal to those countries and thus pay in goods for metals and other articles needed by Germany.

Anna Stina Karlsdotter, the oldest inhabitant of Asheda, died at the age of one hundred and a half years. She was bed ridden for some time before her death, but her mental vigor was unusual for a person of her age. At the celebration of her one hundredth birthday she gave some astonishing proofs of the tenacity of her memory.

It is mentioned as something extraordinary that Rev. J. V. Lundberg is serving as pastor and also as school teacher at Asker, Nerike. The chapter of the diocese ratified this dual service. In Scandinavian-American congregations the pastor is often compelled to teach the children of his congregation.

A train which left Stockholm at four o'clock for Nynas on Christmas eve, had to stop on the way for lack of wood. Those on the train actually had to get out and cut wood, and it took an hour and a half to get up steam enough to continue the trip. So the poor passengers lost their Christmas supper.

The seizure of the Swedish steamer Presto by the Germans, who have taken the craft to Swinemunde, has excited great indignation by the press and the public. The vessel was bound from Stockholm to Gothenburg. The seizure was unlawful as the vessel was bound from one Swedish port to another.

The Swedish Inventors' union has requested the government to make arrangements for the immediate exploitation of new inventions which may be of practical use in the army or navy.

The General Teachers' association of Sweden has received a donation of \$27,000 from C. A. Thun, former principal of St. Jakob and St. Johannes public school in Stockholm.

Back Erik Anderson, a farmer at Borlange, and his wife Lisa, have celebrated their diamond wedding. Mr. Anderson was born in 1832, his wife two years later.

The department of the navy has decided to install electric power and light at the government shipyards in Stockholm.

The number of civil marriages in the city of Stockholm increased from 1,503 in 1914 to 1,603 in 1915.

The Swedish Freemasons' club of Boston has donated \$135 to the Swedish government to be used for the strengthening of the defenses of the country.

The Nordiska Kompaniet stock company has given its employees \$40,000 extra this winter on account of the high cost of living.

In order to save money, the leading members of the cabinet did not give the usual New Year's dinners to the diplomatic corps this winter.

Doctor Barany, an Austrian physician, who received a Nobel prize of \$40,000, was captured by the Russians and sent to Siberia. Prince Carl of Sweden has succeeded in inducing the Russian authorities to permit Doctor Barany to return home.

Early in the winter a single train carried 73 tons of explosives from Garvedsberg. Most of it went to the Nordland iron ranges.

The price of charcoal has dropped 10 per cent in Nerike.

DENMARK.

A gardener at Randers hired a man by the day to do garden work outside. The hired man began to work with his overcoat and mittens on. His employer remarked that this would hardly do. As the hired man could not be induced to doff his outer garments and do some decent work the gardener told him that he might just as well quit his job. But the gardener refused to pay him anything, and a lawsuit was the result. The court held that the course of the gardener was proper, and the man of the overcoat came to the conclusion that he had tried to be a little smarter than he really was.

His royal highness, Prince Erik of Denmark, nephew of King Christian and Dowager Queen Alexandra of England, who was at the Astor hotel in New York for a time in company with Baron A. J. O. von Reis of Stockholm and Joseph Plum of Copenhagen, has gone to Edmonton, Alberta, where the prince will take up the study of agriculture.

A Danish sailing vessel, one hundred and twenty-nine years old, but still in sound condition, put into West Hirtlepool, Eng., to discharge cargo. The vessel, named De Tvende Brodre, The Two Brothers, was built at Marstal in 1788. Owing to the demand for ships of all classes, the De Tvende Brodre is doing a brisk business.

A Copenhagen exporter who employs sixty persons in preparing meat and fish for the market has sold his entire production for the coming year to the Germans. Another firm which is putting up sausagekraut has also sold out the year's output to the Germans beforehand.

The late Consul Johansen of Thisted set aside \$120,000 for the establishment of a hospital and a place of rest at or near Thisted. The beneficiaries are to be inhabitants of Thisted and who have not received public aid of any kind.

A German torpedo boat encountered the American steamer Moreno in Danish waters and demanded its papers. The papers were in the possession of a Danish official on board who refused to surrender them. The Germans withdrew.

A party of 400 Finlanders, en route to America, has been detained at Copenhagen at the request of the Russian authorities, despite the emigrant's protest that they had been declared unfit for military service.

By special arrangement Denmark is exporting potatoes to Norway and receiving fish in return, in spite of a general embargo on those goods.

NORWAY.

The government budget for the fiscal year July 1916 to June 1917, shows the effect of the war on the small neutral European nations. The total increase, as compared to last year's budget is \$5,235,000. This does not cover the extraordinary expenses incurred by the mobilization of the army and navy which the war made necessary, amounting to \$8,900,000 for the year, with the prospect of this amount rising to \$13,500,000 for the next period. For a small nation of 2,500,000 inhabitants this is a huge sum, and as it is unavoidable that the ordinary budget outside of the extraordinary defense expenses on account of the many social reforms going into effect will continue to rise, the prospects for the future are not altogether inspiring for the taxpayers. The government revenues last year brought almost \$50,000,000 and next year probably will bring it still higher.

The closing of the usual markets on which Norway has been dependent for such necessities as coal and grain—doubling the price of flour and fuel during the coldest winter the peninsula has experienced in 70 years, has caused no little suffering among the poorer people, but outside this class it appears that more money is in circulation than usual. It has been difficult for the farmers to get sufficient quantities of fodder and fertilizer, but, on the other hand, prices on farm products have been higher than ever before, and the net result has been a profitable year for the farmers.

Scarcity of foodstuffs in Norway has increased alarmingly the last few weeks and dealers throughout the country have organized for the purpose of regulating importations to prevent an increase in prices. The new organization will approach the British government to negotiate an arrangement for the importation of foodstuffs.

If a stenographer makes \$300 a year and gets \$50 as a present from her father, she will have to schedule her income at \$350 and pay on an average \$35 to \$40 taxes on it.

Two months ago five motor tank ships for the oil trade were ordered by a newly-formed Norwegian company at American shipyards, to be delivered next fall. Of those four are already sold to other companies (three to France and one to a Norwegian company) at a clear profit of \$1,250,000. The stockholders had only paid a small part on their stock, and now the company is dissolved after a couple of months, without conducting any real business, and having cleared a little more than 100 per cent of its fixed capital.

In all, 54 Norwegian steamers and 28 sailing vessels, altogether representing \$13,000,000, have been blown up with the loss of 71 sailors. New ships have been added, however, at a faster rate than ever before, and still the yards are unable to keep up with the demand.

The direct tax paid to municipalities runs from 8 up to 18 per cent of the net income of individuals and firms, with a slight reduction for families and an exemption on incomes of \$250 and less.

A Woman's Problem

How to Feel Well During Middle Life Told by Three Women Who Learned from Experience.

The Change of Life is a most critical period of a woman's existence, and neglect of health at this time invites disease and pain. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs. Read these letters:—



Philadelphia, Pa.—"I started the Change of Life five years ago. I always had a headache and backache with bearing down pains and I would have heat flashes very bad at times with dizzy spells and nervous feelings. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I feel like a new person and am in better health and no more troubled with the aches and pains I had before I took your wonderful remedy. I recommend it to my friends for I cannot praise it enough." Mrs. MARGARET GRASSMAN, 759 N. Ringgold St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Beverly, Mass.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for nervousness and dyspepsia, when I was going through the Change of Life. I found it very helpful and I have always spoken of it to other women who suffer as I did and have had them try it and they also have received good results from it." Mrs. GEORGE A. DUNBAR, 17 Roundy St., Beverly, Mass.

Erie, Pa.—"I was in poor health when the Change of Life started with me and I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, or I think I should not have got over it as easy as I did. Even now if I do not feel good I take the Compound and it restores me in a short time. I will praise your remedies to every woman for it may help them as it has me." Mrs. E. KISSLENG, 931 East 24th St., Erie, Pa.

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving women's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answered by women only and held in strict confidence.

Long in Secret Service.

William J. Flynn, chief of the federal secret service, the man responsible for unearthing the alleged foreign spy system, is a native of New York, and, save for six months, has been in the government service since 1897. During 1910-1911 he reorganized the New York detective bureau and then returned to government service. He began life as a plumber, but cherished a desire to be a detective. Soon after being appointed to the secret service he became a division chief and was assigned to the Pittsburgh division. He was transferred to New York in 1900 and later was assigned to the task of safeguarding the Russian and Japanese peace commissioners at Portsmouth.

Albert Hargreaves, a Paterson, N. J., policeman, has fallen heir to \$125,000.

AILING WOMEN NEED THIS FAMOUS DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

Thousands of women who are now blessed with robust health cannot understand why thousands of other women continue to worry and suffer from ailments peculiar to women when they can obtain for a trifling sum Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription which will surely and quickly banish all pain, distress and misery and restore the womanly functions to health.

This prescription of Dr. Pierce's extracted from roots and herbs is a temperance remedy. To get rid of irregularities, or catarrhal condition, to avoid pain at certain times, to overcome irritability and weakness, waste no time, but get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in liquid or tablet form this very day.

New Uniform for Cuba's Navy.

The general staff of the Cuban navy has appointed a committee to study designs for a new uniform for the officers and enlisted men of the navy. The present uniform, which is almost exactly like that used by the United States, is said to be too expensive for Cuba. New equipment will also be sought by the committee for the Cuban naval cadets.

Claims Greatest Oil Land Control.

E. J. Doherty, president of the Mexican Petroleum company, has announced that the new \$150,000,000 Pan-American Petroleum and Transport company will control the largest oil territory in the world under a single ownership.

A saturated solution of celluloid in banana oil makes a durable lacquer for brass.

Piles Relieved by First Application. And cured in 10 to 14 days by PATER'S OINTMENT, the universal remedy for all forms of Piles. Druggists everywhere.

There are times when you need it.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

For Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Trouble, etc.

Send Dr. Pierce 10c for large trial package. Full treatment 50c. All druggists.

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\$119,000,000 Annually Is Paid Out In Wages

to an army of 150,000 employees of the New York Central Lines. The buying power of these employees contributes in a large part to the prosperity of the country served by the

New York Central Lines

Michigan Central R. R.—"The Niagara Falls Route"

But affecting such prosperity in even a greater measure than this vast disbursement for wages, together with other great sums for taxes and supplies, is the maintenance of the high standard of transportation service necessary to such growing communities as these lines serve.

That standard can be maintained only when there is a proper relation between earnings and expenses. In the correct solution of this problem the public and the railroads have a mutual interest—the prosperity of both is at stake.



For the Public Service

Men, women and children rely upon

Rexall Orderlies

The laxative tablet with the pleasant taste to relieve constipation and sluggish livers

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative. A. M. LEWIS & CO. THE REXALL STORE

IF YOU ARE DEAF READ THIS

Lip Reading teaches "the eye to hear." This study is easily acquired through our complete Correspondence Course. By learning to read the speaker's lips you can again enjoy the comforts of conversation without embarrassment—throw away all mechanical hearing devices and re-enter society. A good Lip Reader seldom betrays his deafness to a stranger. Send \$1.00 for outline of study, first lecture and lessons. Address SCHOOL OF LIP LANGUAGE, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Winter Fires Destroy Many Homes

We insure all kinds of city and farm property. Our companies are among the most substantial in the whole country. Our losses are paid promptly and without haggling or quibbling.

O. PALMER, Grayling, Mich.

MAN AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Anthropologists Have Discovered Many Interesting Facts That Have Bearing on Their Relations.

At a recent meeting of the German Anthropological society, Prof. Ed Hahn lectured on human races and properties of domestic animals, dwelling especially on such relations as are found to exist between the outward appearance of human races and the races of man's animal companions. The hues mainly occurring in the case of man as well as of domestic animals are black, brown, red, yellow and white, a remarkable feature being that these external characteristics seem to be connected with the whole of bodily constitution. A distinguished anthropologist, Prof. Eugen Fischer of Freiburg, Baden, on evidence afforded by the eye of mammals, considers the whiteness of domestic animals and white man to be kindred phenomena, nor does he hesitate to suggest many other analogies of a similar kind between man and animals. According to the lecturer, humanity as a whole, inclusive of what are called primitive peoples, has been subjected for some time to conditions similar to those at work in the case of our domestic animals. The classification mainly based on color may be replaced by a system of darker and lighter strains within a given race. Attention is drawn in this connection to the Shimmethal men, which, within memory of man, have become remarkably bright-colored, as well as to the fact that the subsequent darkening of adults points to the merging, in older times, of brighter and darker varieties of man—Scientific American.

GOOD CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA

Former American Physician Testifies to Benefits That Have Followed Doing Away With Vodka.

"Fewer cases of insanity are being received in the asylums and hospitals of Russia today than before the war, notwithstanding the brain-racking experiences which hundreds of thousands of people of that country have gone through during the last year. This indicates to my mind that prohibition of the sale of vodka has been a great thing for Russia."

This statement was made to a reporter by Dr. Philip Newton, formerly a hospital physician at Washington, now a brigadier general in the medical branch of the Russian army. Doctor Newton arrived here recently after having served for fifteen months in Russia—first as a surgeon of the American Red Cross and since October, 1915, in the Russian army. "The prohibition of the sale of vodka and other intoxicants has made a better citizen and soldier of the Russian," Doctor Newton said. "He may not be as smart as the English and French, but he can do harder work and better withstand hardships. The Russians make ideal hospital patients. The manner in which they endure the most painful injuries is wonderful."—Washington (D. C.) Star.

Protective Stripes Used by Savage. Describing in the Geographical Journal his explorations in the Belgian Congo, Dr. Outhbert Christy records that in traveling from Stanleyville to Avakubi he came upon a group of forest natives remarkable for the curious way in which they mark their bodies for the purpose of concealment.

Narrow stripes of black or red are marked on limbs and face, and sometimes the body. This device has the effect of breaking up the outline and making the person less conspicuous in the lights and shadows of the undergrowth. Even in the sunlight the darker stripes of the forest will run past the motionless hunter without perceiving him, and are caught in nets. It is interesting to note that an analogous device has come into use during the present European war for concealing vessels, guns, etc.—Scientific American.

Most Primitive Culture. The aboriginal culture of the American Indians differed fundamentally in certain points, both from the old world cultures at the time of their discovery and from their antecedents in the more ancient historical civilizations of the east, a writer in the New York Evening Post says. First and foremost may be mentioned the total ignorance of the iron technique. The metallurgical art was confined to the smelting of copper and the production of bronze, and even these arts were restricted to a limited territory of what is now Latin America. In Canada and the United States the natives fashioned their tools out of stone, bone, shell, and wood, and whatever copper was utilized at all was hammered cold like a stone.

Husband Is Family Head. The New York husband who may have had some doubt regarding his position in his home may take comfort, for the supreme court holds him to be the head of the family "within reason," and to be so recognized by his wife. Furthermore, the duty of a wife to obey her husband still holds good, despite the agitation of those who object to such an old-fashioned doctrine. All this came straight from a justice in dismissing an action for separation in the supreme court when he delivered an extemporaneous opinion filled with advice for two young persons whose married life had not been just as happy as they would have liked. This may sound a little strange in these days of suffrage, feminism and woman's rights, but it is so, nevertheless.

Grip Epidemic. The Grip Epidemic has increased the demand for Dr. Humphrey's "Seventy-seven" so that our resources are taxed—we ask dealers and consumers to conserve and husband their supply. To get the best results, take "Seventy-seven" at the first feeling of Grip or a Cold, a chill, a shiver, lassitude. If you wait until you begin to cough and sneeze, have sore throat and influenza, it may take longer. 25cents and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed. Medical Book Free. Humphrey's Homeo. Medicine Co., 156 William Street, New York.

Severe Cold Quickly Cured.

"On December first I had a very severe cold or attack of the grip as it may be, and was nearly down sick in bed," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weatherby, Mo. "I bought two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it was only a few days until I was completely restored to health. I firmly believe that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is one of the very best medicines and will know what to do when I have another cold." Obtainable everywhere.

ORDINANCE NO. 20.

An Ordinance Relative To Saloons and Saloon-keepers.

THE VILLAGE OF GRAYLING ORDAINS:

Sec. 1. No person shall keep a saloon for the sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors within the limits of the village of Grayling without having first obtained from the common council a license therefor, in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Every person desiring to keep such saloon within the said village after the first day of May, 1916, shall, before entering upon such business after the day last aforesaid, make application in writing therefor to the common council, specifying the location of the building in which he intends to keep the same, and in case of a firm, such application shall set forth the names of all the parties constituting such firm, which application shall also designate the persons proposed as sureties on the bond as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 3. After the granting of such application by the common council, and before issuing the license, the applicant shall pay into the village treasury for such license the sum of five hundred dollars and shall file the village treasurer's receipt therefor with the village clerk. Such application shall also, before such license is issued to him, execute a bond to the village of Grayling in the sum of one thousand dollars, with two sufficient sureties to be approved by the common council, conditioned that he will keep and maintain an orderly and well-regulated saloon during the continuance of such license, and shall pay all fines and costs imposed upon him for the violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance.

Sec. 4. Whenever said common council shall have determined to grant a license to such applicant, and upon the presentation to the clerk of said village of the bond hereinbefore provided for, and the receipt of the treasurer of said village for the license fee, the said clerk shall issue to said person a license which shall be for a period of one year beginning the first day of May of each year, and before the said clerk shall issue any such license he shall record the same in a book to be provided for such purpose.

Sec. 5. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions or requirements of this ordinance, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than ninety days.

This ordinance shall take effect the 15th day of March, 1916.

Passed, ordered and ordered published this 7th day of February, 1916.

H. PETERSEN, Village President.

T. P. PETERSON, Village Clerk.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage where by the power therein contained to sell has become operative, made by William Fairbrother of the village of Grayling, county of Crawford and State of Michigan, to Thorwald W. Hanson of the village of Grayling in said county of Crawford, dated the 1st day of December, 1913, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of Crawford, Michigan the 29th day of December, A. D. 1914, in Liber 1 of Mortgages on pages 117 to 120 thereof, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Two Hundred One Dollars and Thirty-seven cents and also the legal charges of sale and the attorney's fee provided by law, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, under the power of sale contained in said mortgage, notice is hereby given that on Friday, the 28th day of April, 1916, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the village of Grayling, in said county of Crawford (that being the place of holding the circuit court for the county in which said mortgaged premises are situated) said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public auction to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage with interests and legal costs, which said premises are situated in the village of Grayling, county of Crawford and State of Michigan and described as follows, to wit: Lots three and four of Block Twenty-five of Roffe's Addition to the village of Grayling as recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Crawford County, Michigan. Dated, January 31st, 1916.

THORWALD W. HANSON, Mortgagee.
GLEN SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Business address, Grayling, Michigan. 2-3-13

"TIZ" PUTS JOY IN SORE, ACHING FEET

"My, how 'Tiz' gladdens tired, swollen, burning feet—It's glorious!"

Ah! what relief. No more tired feet; no more burning feet; no more swollen, aching, tender, sweaty feet. No more soreness in corns, callouses, bunions. No matter what ails your feet or what under the sun you've tried without getting relief, just use "Tiz." "Tiz" is the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. "Tiz" eases your foot trouble so you'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't seem tight and your feet will never, never hurt or get red and swollen. Think of it, no more "Tiz" means no more agony from corns, callouses or bunions. Get a 5-cent box at any drug store or department store and get instant relief. Wear smaller shoes. Just once try "Tiz." Get a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents. Think of it.

For Sale.

Lots numbered five and six, on the northwest corner of block twenty-eight, Roffe's addition can be bought cheap for cash. A fine location.

A desirable lot for a dwelling in Brink's addition.

A five room dwelling house on lot 2, block 4, Brink's addition. Now occupied, but not entirely finished inside, can be bought for much less than value, with small payment down and balance on liberal terms.

40 acres, one-half mile from the village; 7 acres in pasture; entire 40 fenced. About ten acres low land, balance good farming land; sawing timber removed. Price \$600.00.

10 acres improved land, all fenced nearly opposite T-town; one mile north of village; just right to be divided into large village lots for workmen in the mills and yards, and purchaser can double his money. Can be bought for \$200.00.

O. Palmer.

Manistee & N. E. R. R.

Time Card

In effect Nov. 7, 1915.

Read Down.		Read Up.	
A. M. P. M.		P. M. P. M.	
18.00 12.25	Grayling ar	11.50 14.20	Grayling ar
18.23 12.34	Resort "iv	11.40 14.30	Grayling ar
19.18 3.02	"Signa "	1.11 3.23	Grayling ar
19.56 3.26	"Rowley "	12.46 2.16	Grayling ar
11.40 3.55	"Walton "	12.20 1.30	Grayling ar
4.31	"Buckley "	11.03 11.45	Grayling ar
5.22	"Gleagarry "	10.39	Grayling ar
5.29	"Rvr Brn "	9.55	Grayling ar
5.39	"Kaleva "	9.55	Grayling ar
5.46	"Chief lake "	9.45	Grayling ar
6.17	"Norwalk "	9.39	Grayling ar
	ar Manistee "	9.15	Grayling ar
		A. M. P. M.	
A. M. P. M.		P. M. P. M.	
7.35 10.00	Grayling ar	11.50 16.40	Grayling ar
8.21 3.47	"Kaleva "iv	11.04 5.52	Grayling ar
8.43 4.11	"Copenish "	10.40 5.30	Grayling ar
8.49 4.18	"Nessen Cy "	10.29 5.19	Grayling ar
9.23 4.53	"Platte Rvr "	9.57 4.53	Grayling ar
9.31 5.01	"Lake Ann "	9.49 4.43	Grayling ar
9.53 5.15	"Solon "	9.33 4.22	Grayling ar
9.59 5.21	"Fouch "	9.21 4.16	Grayling ar
10.15 5.35	ar TraverseC "	9.05 4.00	Grayling ar
		A. M. P. M.	

† Daily, except Sunday.

* Local freight trains.

NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN:

In the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.

Hubert A. Sanderhoff, Complainant,

vs.

Otto J. Willer, Nellie Willer,

Christof Schultz, Rosa Schultz,

August Gault, Louis F. Hopkins

and Reginald Winstone, Defendants.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford:

In Chancery, made and entered on the tenth day of January, A. D. 1916, in the above entitled cause, I the undersigned, a circuit court commissioner of the County of Crawford, will sell at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the Village of Grayling, in said County of Crawford, on the third day of March, A. D. 1916, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day all those certain lands and premises, situate and being in the County of Crawford and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The Southeast quarter of the Northeast quarter, the South half of the South quarter of the Northwest quarter, the South half of the Northwest quarter of the Southwest quarter, the East half of the Northeast quarter of the Southwest quarter, the Southeast quarter of the Southwest quarter, the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter and the South half of the Southeast quarter; all of Section Thirty-one in Township Twenty-five North of Range Three West.

OSCAR PALMER, Circuit Court Commissioner.

1-13-7

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1916.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Phoebe Milks, deceased.

Frank H. Milks, a son of said deceased, having filed in said court his petition, praying that an instrument filed in said court be admitted to Probate as the last will and testament of said deceased and that administration of said estate be granted to John Fitzpatrick or some other suitable person. It is ordered, that on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1916, at ten o'clock a. m. at said probate office, is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy hereof for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTEPERSON, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] WELLINGTON BATTEPERSON, Judge of Probate. 2-17-3v.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.

Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Frank J. Cheney.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.